

Mekong River Commission

Mekong Integrated Water Resources Management Project (M-IWRMP)

Project Document

Transboundary Cooperation for River Basin Management between Lao PDR and Thailand

in

Xe Bang Hieng Basin-Lao PDR and Nam Kam Basin-Thailand

Final

MRC Secretariat at Vientiane, Lao PDR

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

AusAID : Australian Agency for International Cooperation

AIP : Agriculture and Irrigation Programme (of the MRC)

BDP : Basin Development Plan Programme (of the MRC)

DWR : Department of Water Resources

EP : Environment Programme (of the MRC)

ICBP : Integrated Capacity Building Programme (of the MRC)

IKMP : Information and Knowledge Management Programme (of the MRC)

IWRM : Integrated Water Resources Management

LMB : Lower Mekong Basin

LNMC : Lao National Mekong Committee

M-IWRMP : Mekong Integrated Water Resources Management Project (of the MRC)

MRC : Mekong River Commission

MRCS : Mekong River Commission Secretariat

NWRC : National Water Resources Committee (of Thailand)

PDIES : Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing

PWUM : Procedures for Water Use Monitoring

PMFM : Procedures for Maintenance of Flow on the Mainstream

RBP : River Basin Platform
RBC : River Basin Committee

TNMC : Thai National Mekong Committee

TCG : Transboundary Coordination committee

WB : World Bank

WUP : Water Utilization Programme (of the MRC)

WREA : Water Resources and Environment Administration (of Lao PDR)

1. Introduction

Overview

The Mekong River commission (MRC) implemented their Water Utilization Programme (WUP) from 2000-2008. This programme developed basin models, procedures and technical guidelines to implement the 1995 Mekong Agreement. The WUP was considered successful but incomplete, as highlighted in its Evaluation and the Mid-term Review of the MRC Strategic Plan 2006-2010. To ensure follow-up and sustainability - especially regarding the implementation of the Procedures and finalization of the technical guidelines - the Mekong IWRM Project (M-IWRMP) was formulated and has been under implementation since 2010 with support from the Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID) and the World Bank (WB).

The M-IWRMP aims to institutionalise IWRM approaches and principles in the region via the MRC framework and its Member Countries. The Project addresses IWRM challenges in the Lower Mekong Basin (LMB) through a three tier approach, combining interlinked regional, national and transboundary initiatives. The regional component sits at the apex, and provides the overall framework of principles, procedures and guidelines for IWRM. The transboundary component is framed and linked to both the regional and national M-IWRMP components (MRC M-IWRMP, 2009). The transboundary component foresees the implementation of several bilateral projects that practically enable applied IWRM implementation between the countries in order to contribute to future regional collaboration. In general, the Project components complement each other by improving the functioning of the institutional framework, in building knowledge and improving decision making processes for the sustainable development of water and related resources. The transboundary projects require the participation of two or three riparian countries, which may formulate from a transboundary issue or a need of cooperation.

Transboundary project proposals consequently form part of the implementation of the M-IWRMP under the transboundary component (Outcome 2); and aim to enable the joint planning, management and implementation of trans-boundary projects through specific initiatives between riparian countries. The transboundary project proposal were submitted to the M-IWRMP 5th Project Steering Committee (PSC) and approved.

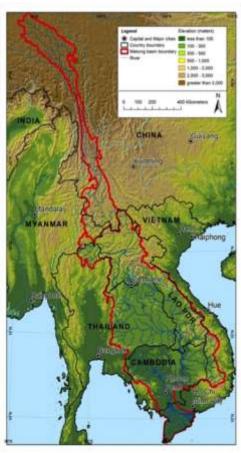
Scope

The overall aim of the project is to strengthen the transboundary dialog between Lao PDR and Thailand. Dialog already exist to some degree, and the project will build on those experiences and mechanisms. The project will focus on establishing and capacitating river basin organisations in the use of the IWRM tools available from MRC, in data sharing and use of MRC Procedures. Initial issues for transboundary corporations have been identified as Wetland Management, Flood Management and Sustainable Irrigation Development.

The implementation and coordination mechanisms for the project are part of the dialogue between the countries, and will be developed during the life of the project. The final arrangements for dialogue will be part of the future dialogue processes. The project can be seen as a pilot project for strengthening the dialogue between two countries on IWRM issues, and should be the basis for future dialogue on other IWRM issues.

Rationale

The Mekong River flows for almost 4,800 km from its source in Tibet through China, Myanmar, Lao PDR, Thailand, Cambodia and Viet Nam via a Delta into the East Sea, draining a basin area of 795,000 km² (Fig 1.1). The Mekong River and its tributaries form a dynamic hydro-ecological system supporting unique biodiversity and providing food security for more than sixty million people in the region. The system is undoubtedly one of the world's most diverse river ecosystems (MRC 2010).



Map 1 Mekong Basin

In 1995, four countries in the Lower Mekong Basin including Lao PDR, Thailand, Cambodia and Viet Nam had signed Agreement for the Cooperation for the Sustainable Development of the Mekong River Basin. This agreement established the Mekong River Commission (MRC), which would serve to coordinate the development of the basin's resources, in a sustainable manner and ensuring the reasonable and equitable utilisation of water between the LMB countries.

To achieve this goal the Commission needs to apply the IWRM principles at regional, transboundary, national sub-basin and project levels as well as strong cooperation among the

four countries of the LMB and other two countries in the Upper Mekong Basin (China and Myanmar).

Transboundary cooperation and projects in the M-IWRMP framework are designed to link the regional and national levels; showing how the principles of the Mekong Agreement can be applied at sub-basin levels – in recognition of the Dublin Principles1. In general, the transboundary projects will be identified from transboundary issues and/or conflicts; i.e. transboundary fisheries management on the Sekong River (transboundary tributary river) between Cambodia and Lao PDR and transboundary flood management in Mekong Delta between Cambodia and Viet Nam, and aim to achieve joint management plans to address the issue.

However, there are few transboundary tributaries between Lao PDR and Thailand as the Mekong River forms the border between the two countries. There are nevertheless significant opportunities for these two countries to cooperate around shared experiences in establishing local water management institutions, planning and managing sub-basins using IWRM principles. Moreover, the two countries can share common interests and problems in sub-basins, which not directly transboundary in nature. The transboundary project aim Lao PDR and Thailand will gain more experiences of water and related resources management and application of IWRM through cooperation and coordination to support sustainable basin development which make a significant contribution to the socio-economic development of both countries and overall benefit to healthy of the Mekong River and its tributaries.

The River Basin Committees (RBCs) and working groups are designed as a main mechanism for project implementation at national level. The RBCs are presently the main body for river basin planning and management of both countries. The RBC comprises a wide stakeholder base from government and non-government sectors related to water and related resources management in the basin. The mandates of the RBCs of both countries are similar. The common roles of the RBCs are formulating basin strategies and plans on water resources management, establishing working groups to implement assigned tasks and provide guidance regarding to beneficial and equitable development and management incorporating IWRM principles (details roles and responsibilities of the RBC of both countries are described in Chapter 2). Another important role of the RBCs is coordination between people, relevant agencies, other basin committees and other countries to support implement water resources management plans and activities. This role is essential to support establishing transboundary coordination and management mechanism between Lao PDR and Thailand. This body will enable the sharing of the knowledge and experiences, management and technical oversight and ensures project implement effectively. Thailand has more than 20 years experience in formulating and regulating of the RBCs. Presently, there are 25 RBCs established for the main basins in Thailand while Lao PDR just start formulating and implementing the RBCs in last few years for Nam Ngum and Nam Theun-Kading basins. The experiences and lesson learned from formulating and implementing of the RBCs show that strengthening of the RBCs is a key factor on effectiveness of water and related resources management. Capacity building to strengthen the RBCs and working groups through sharing experiences, joint

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¹ Dublin Principle 2: Water development and management should be based on a participatory approach, involving users, planners and policy-makers at all levels.

learning and building knowledge-base between Lao PDR and Thailand is therefore the first priority.

The MRCS particularly M-IWRMP will provide facilitating and technical support (knowledge and tools) to the RBCs and working groups and transboundary dialogues when both countries needed. This transboundary project provides additional opportunities to demonstrate and learn how the Procedures and technical guidelines of the 1995 Mekong Agreement in the Mekong Basin applicable at a regional level, can be applied at the national and sub-basin levels to support maintaining the Mekong mainstream and sustainable development in the basin. This project proposal therefore provides a valuable addition to the overall package of transboundary projects being managed through the M-IWRMP. Cooperation for river basin management between Lao PDR and Thailand will therefore aim at three main issues; firstly strengthening the RBCs and working groups for basin planning and management, secondly building knowledge-based by sharing information and experiences, and thirdly to demonstrate how the Procedures of the 1995 Mekong Agreement applicable at a regional level can be applied and supported by local actions through transboundary cooperation and coordination between Lao PDR and Thailand.

Xe Bang Hieng basin of Lao PDR and Nam Kam basin of Thailand are selected as pilot basins to implement this transboundary project. Both basins located near each other and have similar livelihood, water resources issues (wetland and flood management and irrigation development) and IWRM challenges. They make contributions to the flow and quality in the mainstream Mekong River (details information of the pilot basins are described in Chapter 2). The Xe Bang Hieng basin still has abundance of forestry and natural resources and low development of water and related resources. Most people in the basin are poor and high dependent on natural resources. They still use cultural base to manage and maintain their natural resources. Conversely, the Nam Kam basin has high water resources development level particularly in agriculture sector. Most natural resources are consuming therefore people in the basin have experiences both positive and negative impacts from the development. Currently, both basins do not have the RBCs and working groups to manage water and related resources and coordinate with different stakeholders in the basin. This makes them ideal for the exchange of knowledge on establishing local water management institutions, sharing experiences on water resource management, learning implementation of the IWRM and the Procedures of the 1995 Mekong Agreement and applying lessons to sustain their river basin development and management as well as the Mekong River. The healthy sign of flows (quantity and quality) at the outlets and pro-poor development of both basins in the future are key indicators to measure achievement of implementation of this transboundary project.

Proposal preparation

The proposal has gone through a broad participatory process from its conceptualisation, to formulation and preparation. This process help to collect, consolidate, and balance the interests, concerns and needs of the key stakeholders in the selected river basins and subsequent commitments to the Project implementation. Table 1.1 summarises key events in the proposal preparation. The list of participants who involved in formulating the project document is presented in **Annex 2**.

	Table 1 Key even	its in the prepa	aration of the p	roject proposal
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Date	Event	Key discussion points and decision made

29 Jul 2011 19 Sep 2011	1 st transboundary meeting, Pattaya, Thailand 1 st Thai National consultation, Sakon Nakorn, Thailand	 Overall concept and process to prepare transboundary project proposal Initial concern issues between Lao PDR and Thailand including wetland, flood and RBC Project areas are Xe Bang Hieng-Lao PDR and Nam Kam-Thailand Concept note on Lao PDR-Thailand Transboundary River Basin Management Key issues and concerns in the Nam Kam basin focus on wetland, flood, irrigation and RBC Agreed on the overall concept and need to discuss in
14 Oct 2011	1 st Lao National consultation, Savannakhet, Lao PDR	 further details Concept note on Lao PDR-Thailand Transboundary River Basin Management Key issues and concerns in the Xe Bang Hieng basin focus on wetland, flood, irrigation and RBC Agreed on the overall concept and require more data collection
9 Nov 2011	2 nd Thai National consultation, Sakon Nakorn, Thailand	 1st draft project proposal focus on goal, objective, outcomes, outputs and activities First priority is strengthening RBCs and working groups How to strength RBCs and working groups and indicators
21 Nov 2011	2 nd Lao National consultation, Savannakhet, Lao PDR	 1st draft project proposal focus on goal, objective, outcomes, outputs and activities Agreed in overall but require long-term implementation and more budget
13-14 Dec 2011	1 st transboundary visit at Xe Bang Hieng Basin, Lao PDR	 Initial understand the basin and livelihood of the Xe Bang Hieng Basin Initial exchange knowledge
16 Dec 2011	2 nd transboundary meeting, Vientiane, Lao PDR	Draft final proposalAreas of improvement
27 Dec 2011	3 rd transboundary meeting, Nakhon Phanom, Thailand	 Finalize the proposal Next steps for preparation of project implementation
28-29 Dec 2011	2 nd transboundary visit at Nam Kam Basin, Thailand	 Initial understand the basin and livelihood of the Nam Kam Basin Initial exchange knowledge
11-12 July 2013	Vientiane, Lao PDR.	Joint Transboundary Workshop, Lao PDR and Thailand to understand the respective PIP and consolidated to finalize the Joint Single Transboundary PIP.
22 Oct 2013	Joint Transboundary Meeting in Vientiane, Lao PDR,	1. Defined Joint Single Milestones for the Xe Bang Hieng / Nam Kam Tb project, 2- Agreed the schedule for meeting with International Transboundary Consultant to finalize this Transboundary Project Document.
11-12 Nov 2013	Joint Transboundary Working Group meeting in Sakon Nakhon, Thailand	 Finalized Joint Single Transboundary PIP, including Activities, Milestones; Developed detailed task and budget plan for the first year (2014); Finalized the Xe Bang Hieng-Nam Kam Transboundary Project Document.
06 Dec. 2013	Launching transboundary workshop in Sovanakhet, Lao PDR.	 Finalized Term of Reference's articles; Initial Term of Reference; Clarified several relevant important activities for the Project Implementation;

2. Background

River Basin Committees (RBCs)

The RBCs are now the main body for river basin planning and management in Lao PDR and Thailand. They both serve as interlink between the people, the government agencies and other non government organizations. The RBCs will represent a wide stakeholder base, incorporate the principles of IWRM, provide recommendations and a spatial basis for intersectoral integration of water resources planning and management, and cooperate with other RBCs nationally and internationally. This existing body will be a key mechanism for regional and transboundary cooperation and collaboration. The mandate and roles of the RBCs of Lao PDR and Thailand are described in details below.

2.1.1 Lao PDR

In June 2010, the Prime Minister signed a Decree for "Establishment of River Basin Committees in Lao PDR". Based on this Decree, the Nam Ngum and Nam Theun-Kading RBCs are established for river basin management as pilot basins in Lao PDR.

Formulation of the RBC

The River Basin Committee consists of government and individual representatives and other related sectors, who are nominated by the Prime Minister of Lao PDR based on the proposal from; the Minister of the Prime Minister's Office, the Head of the Water Resources and Environment Administration (WREA), chairperson of Lao National Mekong Committee (LNMC) by Prime Minister as assigned to Vice-Prime Minister who provide guidance on environmental and water resources nominator. The RBC has five year chairperson rotating-system, with the first chairperson being from the Province based on the agreement of provincial representatives in the river basin.

Role of the RBC

The River Basin Committee (RBC) is a non-permanent organization. It has a mandate to act as a water resources executive in river basin under the direction of the LNMC for management, development, conservation, rehabilitation and utilization of water resources (which will be called "water resources management") in river basin area.

Authority and duties of the RBC

- 1) Determine strategies, action plans and project on water resources management within the river basin to propose to the responsible government officials for further approval; Provide guidance on effective implementation;
- 2) Consider and approve proposal for submission to the leadership's approval on water allocation plan, flood and drought prevention plan, water quality management plan, restoration plan on physical, biological and environmental aspects of water resources in the river, pond, groundwater and other sources in the concerned river basin according the proposal of the river basin committee secretariat;

- 3) Receive all related sector's opinions on water resources management and development on river basin to be the basis of proposing appropriate resolution; review disputes on water resources management and utilization based on set resolution, following procedures and proposing to the appropriate government official for approval; propose rewards for those who have outstanding performance in water resource protection and management; or carry out discipline in case of the violation /breach of any rule;
- 4) Review and approve the draft program and river basin development project to be proposed to the appropriate government officials for consideration and adaptation and provide guidance for the effective implementation;
- 5) Provide consultation and comments to the appropriate government officials on water resources management issues arising from development projects which raise serious impacts within river basin to be proposed to the responsible officials for approval;
- 6) Approve and implement action plans and annual budget plans of RBC and prepare summary reports;
- 7) Coordinate and cooperate with the representatives of other countries and international organizations for further support on water resources activities; participate in negotiation and sign contracts, sub-contracts and memorandum of understanding about water resource activities in river basin; take actions within and outside country based on the approval of the responsible government official;
- 8) Organize the regular twice a year meeting and call for the extra-ordinary meeting, the chairperson and vice chairperson have the authority to call the technical staff from related sectors to participate in the regular and the extra-ordinary meetings if necessary;
- 9) Invite representatives of water related sectors, localities, specialists and advisors, representatives of line agencies to attend in the RBC meeting if necessary;
- 10) Form *ad-hoc* working groups including representatives from sectors and localities concerned in order to study specific issues;
- 11) Propose on the improvement of the organizational structure and the assisting apparatus of RBC if necessary;
- 12) Provide guidance in the management and use of fund for the management and development of the river basin;
- 13) Perform other duties as assigned by the responsible government official.

River Basin Platform is used as a part of the process of establishing RBC in Lao. The RBP is a more informal stakeholder group, that when it is formalise becomes the RBC.

2.1.2 Thailand

The current water resources management in Thailand has not yet been enforced by any concrete law or regulation, therefore, the government has declared the issuance of the National Water Resources Regulation firstly in 1989 and additional amended in 2002. The Regulations were again revised in 2007 to be the Office of Prime Minister Regulations on Water Resources Management. Based on this revised Regulations, a National Water Resources Committee (NWRC) and River Basin Committees must be established with the

Department of Water Resources (DWR) works as the Secretariat to and also handle the Office of General Administration for both organizational bodies (DWR Thailand, 2009).

Formulation of the NWRC

The NWRC is a national level organization. The committee is chaired by the Prime Minister and consists of members who are appointed by the Prime Minister. The committee comprises one Deputy Prime Minister to be the chairman, ministers, permanent secretaries, directorsgeneral, heads of state enterprises, representatives of water user's organizations of all sectors, technical experts, qualified persons, representatives of non-government organizations, etc. The Director-General of the DWR is a member of the committee and serves as its secretary.

Authority and duties of the NWRC (summary)

- 1) To submit to the Cabinet for approval the objectives and policy on ensuring the availability if large-, medium-, and small-scale water resources to meet demands of people;
- 2) To set guidelines and directives for government agencies, state enterprises and various organizations regarding formulation of plans or projects for water resources development or construction as well as coordination;
- 3) To scrutinize and approve plans and to direct, control, supervise, and oversee implementation of plans and report its implementation in term of water quality and quality;
- 4) To consider and solve any urgent problem or impediments;
- 5) To prioritize water allocation and regulate the use of water from various sources to meet the requirements for consumption, hydropower generation, industry, agriculture, and others; and also to report the Cabinet; and
- 6) To propose to the Cabinet any introduction or revision of rules, regulations or laws relating to construction or development, control, prevention, and conservation of water resources and water quality.

Formulation of the RBC

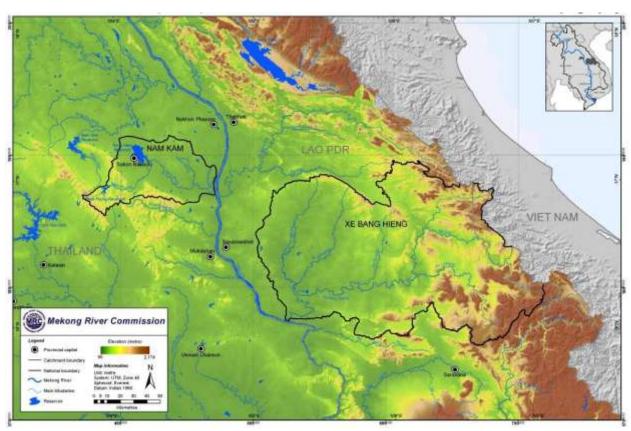
The RBC comprises members selected from government officials, state enterprise representatives, representatives of local organizations and water users, stakeholders work or live in the concern basins and qualified persons who have knowledge and experience relating to water resources management. The appropriate number and proportion of membership depends on the local situation of each river basin. Chairman and secretary of the RBC are to be appointed from the RBC, and assistant secretaries may be included as necessary. Presently, there are 25 RBCs established for the main basins in Thailand. The Nam Kam basin is a sub-basin of one of these 25, namely Mekong basin.

Authority and duties of the RBC

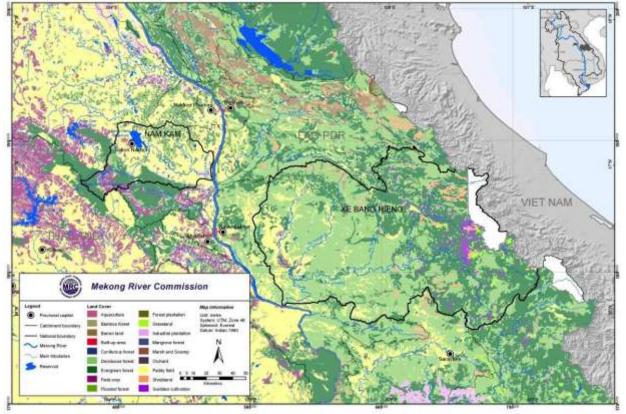
- 1) To submit to the NWRC comments on policies, plans, projects, and solution to any problems or obstacles to the development, utilization, conservation, and any other necessary implementation relating to water resources management as well as any pertinent action of the concerned agencies in river basins;
- 2) To formulate water resources management plans;
- 3) To coordinate the formulation of water resources implementation and budget plans with relevant agencies in river basins to cope up with the plan as mentioned in (2) and budget framework on integrated water resources management;
- 4) To prioritize water allocation and specify water requirements as well as equitable and efficient water allocation measures;
- 5) To monitor and evaluate performance of the agencies relevant to water resources in river basins;
- 6) To promote, support and give advice to the local government regarding beneficial and equitable small scale water resources management;
- 7) To compile statistics, data, comments, and recommendations regarding water resources management in river basins;
- 8) To mediate and reconcile conflicts and solve problems;
- 9) To coordinate with other river basins committee regarding water resources management;
- 10) To conduct public relations, receive comments, and promote understanding among the general public of water resources management;
- 11) To nominate the sub-committee or working groups to handle the tasks as assigned by the river basin committee;
- 12) To undertake other tasks as assigned by the NWRC.

Project areas

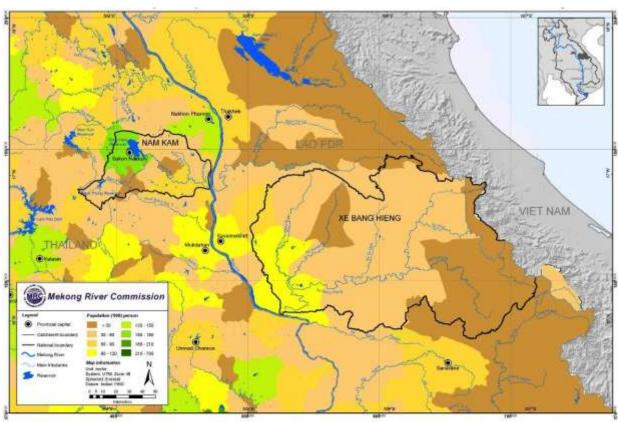
The Xe Bang Hieng basin of Lao PDR and The Nam Kam basin of Thailand are selected to implement this project. Importantly, therefore both basins have very similar institutional arrangements, as well as water resources and IWRM challenges, and both make contributions to the flow and quality in the mainstream Mekong River. The main differences of these two basins are levels of water resources development and conservation of natural resources as well as levels of knowledge and technology. The Xe Bang Hieng basin still has abundance of forestry and natural resources while the Nam Kam basin is almost full developed. This makes them ideal for the exchange of knowledge on establishing local water management institutions, sharing experiences on water resource management, learning implementation of the IWRM and the Procedures of the 1995 Mekong Agreement and applying lessons to sustain their river basin development and management as well as the Mekong River. The following maps are provided for the reader to have an initial understanding of state of the project areas.



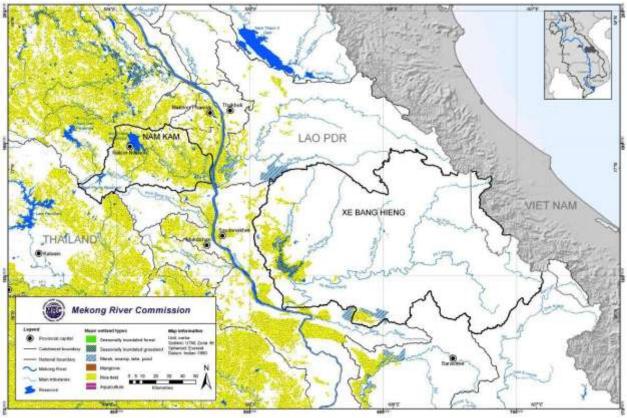
Map 2 River basin boundaries and topography



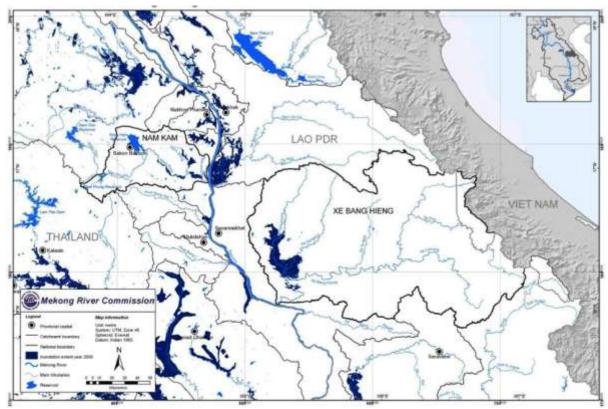
Map 3 Land cover



Map 4 Population 2007-2008



Map 5 Wetlands



Map 6 Max Flood Inundation (Year 2000)

2.1.1 Xe Bang Hieng Basin-Lao PDR

The Xe Bang Hieng river basin covers most of Savannakhet Province, flowing from the Lao-Vietnam boarder to the Mekong at a point about 90 km downstream of Savannakhet. The river has a length of 370 km and a basin area of 19,223 km². Its main tributaries are the Xe Lanong, Xepon, Xethamouk, Xe Xangxoy and Xechamphone. Forest cover is approximately 55% and agricultural land is more than 30%. The mean annual precipitation is 1,600 mm, mean annual discharge is 538 m³/s, mean maximum discharge is 4,097 m³/s, and a peak flood of 8,500 m³/s recorded in 1974. The minimum mean monthly flow is 27 m³/s (WREA 2008).

Like other rivers in the region, a large part of the basin has poor water holding geology and resulting low dry season flows. 90% of the annual discharge is in the rainy season and 10% in the dry season. The basin has the second largest population (over 817,000) of the 12 major Lao basins and includes the city of Savannakhet. Irrigation water demand is about 46 m³/s, which means that irrigation expansion is very limited by low dry season flows. However, agriculture and irrigation sectors mainly contribute to rural people income in this basin. By comparing expected low flows and the current or future water demands (primarily for irrigation) in various basins it can be seen that the Xe Bang Hieng is likely to have water shortages in the dry season even under current irrigation development levels.

Flooding in Lao PDR may result from seasonal high flows in the Mekong River (inundation of areas along the river and backwater effects in the lower part of the Mekong tributaries), high flows in the Mekong tributaries themselves, and from high local rainfall. Floods from the Mekong typically occur in July, August and September. A large part of the Mekong plain is prone to annual flooding. In particular, areas of the Vientiane plain, Boulikhamsay plain from Pakson to Pakeading, the Xe Bang Fay plain in Khammouane Province, the large plain of the Xe Bang Hieng Basin, and the Xe Done Basin in the area of Saravan and Champasack Provinces. Areas in Attapeu Province along the Xekong and its tributaries may experience flash flooding.

Wetlands are provide important ecosystem services and biodiversity havens for the Mekong Basin. The rich biodiversity of fish, crustaceans, amphibians, mollusks, reptiles and plants are heavily utilized in Lao PDR. These aquatic resources play an important role in the livelihoods of the local people in particular in providing sources of protein, especially important to the rural poor. It is reported that wetlands in Lao PDR (whole country) include 60,000 ha of seasonal flooded shrub land, 27,000 ha of permanently flooded swamp forest, and about 120 ha of seasonally flood for forest. Important wetland areas in Lao PDR are the Mekong River Nong Louang, Bung Nong Nyom, Xe Pien, the Khone falls (Xephandon), the Xekong plains, Soukhoums, Nam Theun wetlands (Nakai plateau), and Xechamphone in Xe Bang Hieng river basin. Xechamphone wetland is one of two Ramsar sites in Lao PDR which recently established in September 2010.

2.1.2 Nam Kam Basin-Thailand

The Nam Kam River, one of the Mekong River's tributaries, is located in Northeast region of Thailand. The catchment's area of the Nam Kam River covers 3,440 km² with a total length of 123 km. Nam Kam River originates from Phu Phan Mountains in Sakon Nakorn Province located to the east of Nakhon Panom Province. The river flows through Nhong Harn swamp in Muang District of Sakol Nakorn, streams southeastern toward Na Kae District in Nakhon Panom, and merges with the great Mekong River in Thatpanom District in Nakhon Panom.

Its main tributaries are the Nam Phung, Nam Bang, and Nam Khaen. This area has a tropical monsoon climate with a mean annual rainfall of 1,500 mm. The 80 percent of all annual rain falls during the months from April through September, but rainfall is unreliable and prolonged drought spells are frequent. The average yearly runoff is 1,400 million m³. The maximum occurs in September at the rate measured at 394 million m³ and the minimum in February at 10 million m³.

The Nam Kam River is main source of surface water for agriculture in the basin but there is high variation of flow between rainy and dry season. In rainy season, the flood occurs in the downstream part of the Nam Kam River during the high period of water level in the Mekong River. On the other hand, this downstream area often has water shortage problems, particularly in the dry season because of insufficient surface water.

Agricultural land is prevalent in this river basin, especially paddy fields during wet season. Upland crops commonly grown are drought-resistant types e.g. sugar cane, cassava, maize, sorghum, and beans. Vegetables and fruit trees are grown only in areas where water is plentiful and available all year round such as land along the river banks, and downstream

areas of large dams. Common crops are tomato, chili, shallot, garlic, vegetables, papaya, banana, mango, and tamarind (RID, 1999).

Wetlands are an ecological system and productive areas where people may utilize for various purposes in this basin. The important wetland in the Nam Kam river basin is Nong Harn at Muang District, Sakon Nakhon Province. The Nong Han wetland is a large swamp of 130 km², with a depth of 1.9 m on the average. Parts of the area are paddy fields, grass lands, and village communities. There are about 44 species of fishes such as snake head fish, catch fish, etc., and many local birds. Main plants in this area include hyacinth, water lily, water lettuce, etc.

3. Programme design

Goal and objective

The **Overall Goal** of the project is to "support pro-poor development, sustainable livelihoods and maintain mainstream of the Mekong River".

The **Objective** of the project:

The aim of the transboundary project is to strengthen dialogue between Thailand and Lao PDR in IWRM issues. This is a pilot activity that can benefit the dialogue on other parts of the Mekong basin.

The Objective of the project is

Enhanced transboundary cooperation between Lao PDR and Thailand and improved river basin management.

This shall be achieved through strengthened capacity of the RBCs and working groups, effectively use of knowledge and IWRM tools, sharing information, application of MRC procedures and transboundary project implementation and management.

The initial water and related resources issues for transboundary cooperation and exchange are identified from transboundary meetings during formulation of the proposal include;

- Wetland management;
- Flood management and
- Sustainable irrigation development.

Outcomes, outputs and activities

Three outcomes are designed to contribute to the achievement of the Objective including

- **Outcome 1:** RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans
- **Outcome 2:** Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.
- **Outcome 3:** Strengthened transboundary cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management

The **Project results chain** is shown in Figure 1. It shows the Outputs that need to be delivered to achieve the three Outcomes, and which collectively will contribute to the project's Objective and contribute to its Goal. Following summarises the outputs and main activities identified as essential to achieve the above three outcomes. The outputs and activities will be detailed and adapted accordingly the inception phase of the project.

Figure 1 Project Result Chain

Support pro-poor development, sustainable livelihoods and maintain mainstream of the Mekong River Goal: Objective: Enhanced transboundary cooperation between Lao PDR and Thailand and improved river basin management, Outcome 1: Outcome 2: Outcome 3: RBCs/RBPs and working groups Strengthened transboundary Knowledge and IWRM tools to applying IWRM principles and support river basin planning and cooperation and effective preparing IWRM-based river basin management being used effectively transboundary project implementation and management management plans Output 1.1: RBCs and working groups Output 2.1: Databases and base maps of Output 3.1: Project implementation and management structures established established the river basin Output 2.2: State and trends of the river Output 1.2: Capacity needs identified Output 3.2: Data and information and capacity built basins shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure Output 1.3: Enhancement of river basin Output 2.3: Demonstration and networks and knowledge transferred to application of relevant IWRM tools to sub-basin level Output 3.3: Effective transboundary support river basin planning and management project implementation and Output 2.4: IWRM-based river basin management management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development

Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans

Output 1.1: RBC/RBPs and working groups established

Activities

- 1.1.1 Establish an initial River Basin Platform (RBP) and working group in the basin.
 - i. Initial survey to understand status, issues, capacity of people and communities in the river basin
 - ii. Promote participation in formulation of RBC
 - iii. Build common understanding on formulation RBC with national line agencies
 - iv. Analyse and evaluate results from above activities
- 1.1.2 Analyse lessons learned from the process of formulation, implementation, and management of existing RBCs/RBPs in the Basin to improve IWRM working principles to put in practice
- 1.1.3 Identify objective, scope, roles and responsibilities of relevant working groups to fit the Basin conditions
- 1.1.4 Establish RBC/RBPs and working groups
- 1.1.5 Establish management committee/Working group for Sub-district/District levels

Output 1.2: Capacity needs identified and capacity built

Activities

- 1.2.1 Gap analysis and identify capacity needs of RBCs/RBP and working groups in both countries focused on IWRM-based river basin planning and transboundary cooperation issues including wetland management, flood management and irrigation development
- 1.2.2 Prepare road map and action plan to implement capacity building in each river basin
- 1.2.3 Evaluate the previous capacity building and develop the future capacity building plan
- 1.2.4 Link with related stakeholders to strengthen working group understanding of IWRM process to put it into real practices
- 1.2.5 Design the IWRM tools and build capacity to apply at the local areas

Output 1.3: Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to sub-basin level

Activities

1.3.1 Establish river basin networks at sub-basin level

1.3.2 Build a common understanding and integrated views and needs on river basin planning and management in each country

Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.

Output 2.1: Databases and base maps of the river basins

Activities

- 2.1.1 Identify purposes of use of data and maps according to collected data, quality, and assurance.
- 2.1.2 Workshop for data analysis.
- 2.1.3 Build databases and base maps
- 2.1.4 Develop a road map to update, maintain and improve database for the future strategies to develop sub-district/villages levels.

Output 2.2: State and trends of the river basins

Activities

- 2.2.1 Prepare concept note on the pilot areas
- 2.2.2 Analyse data and issues to input to the report

Output 2.3: Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management

Activities

- 2.3.1 Identify relevant IWRM tools to support planning and management in the river basins (Pilot areas)
- 2.3.2 Train and demonstrate how to apply the identified IWRM tools.
- 2.3.3 Apply the identified IWRM tools to support preparation of IWRM based river basin management plans.
- 2.3.4 Setting up learning areas for IWRM through demonstration

Output 2.4: IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development

Activities

- 2.4.1 Update environmental and eco-social data and information on the development of the Basin relevant IWRM tools
- 2.4.2 Identify and prepare management action plans for integrated wetland, irrigation and flood managements in the sustainable development.

- 2.4.3 Widely consult with relevant stakeholders on the river Basin Management and development.
- 2.4.4 Spawning of conservation areas.

Outcome 3: Strengthened transboundary cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management

Output 3.1: Project implementation and management structures established

Activities

- 3.1.1. Design and agree on project implementation and management structures and working principles (Project Internal regulation).
- 3.1.2. Review and improve existing and future mechanisms for effective National and Transboundary coordination and management

Output 3.2: Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied

Activities

- 3.2.1 Apply principles of MRC-Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing (PDISE) between both river basins
- 3.2.2 Local Data Management workshops/meetings to share experiences and lesson for internal basins
- 3.2.3 Joint Data Management workshops/meetings to exchange experiences and lesson for both basins
- 3.2.4 Transboundary field visits between both river basins
- 3.2.5 Transboundary field visit to other basins
- 3.2.6 National Consultation Workshop on progress of the project implementation.

Output 3.3: Effective transboundary project implementation and management

Activities

- 3.3.1 Joint Transboundary Annual Reflection Workshop
- 3.3.2 Joint Transboundary Project Evaluation
- 3.3.3 Joint Transboundary consultation meeting for management level

Approach

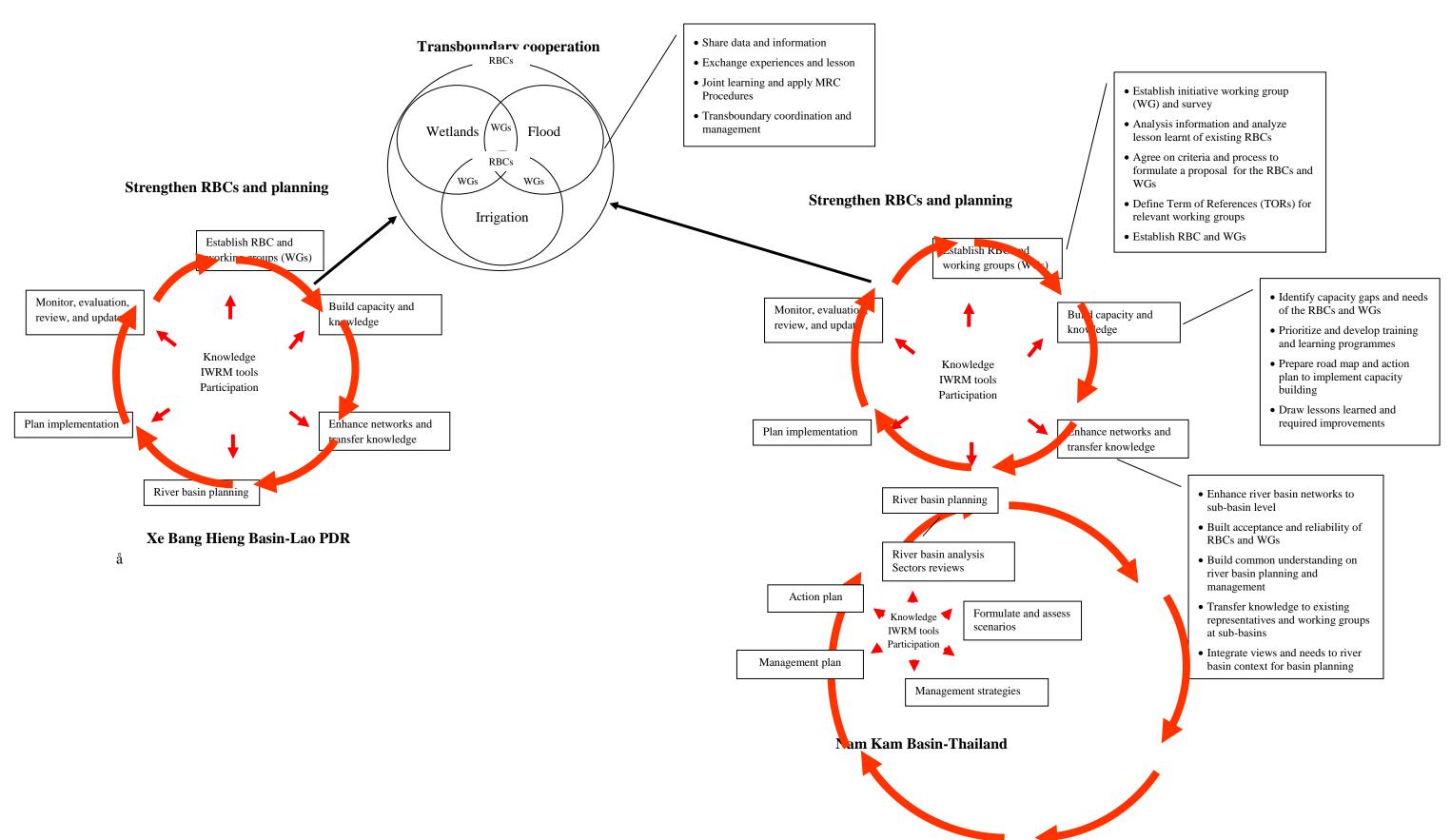
Overall approach to implement this transboundary project is presented in Figure 3.2. The process to strength capacity of RBCs for selected river basins and planning process could be adapted to fit with their needs of each country regarding to deference levels of capacity, limitation of resources and experiences as well as national policies.

Integration with other MRC programmes and national activities: The project implementation will be integrated with other related activities of national and the MRC Programmes particularly M-IWRM project, BDP, EP, FMMP, AIP, and IKMP to enhance coordination and cooperation roles, ensure consistency, and enable cost effectiveness. This approach will avoid duplicate activities and support effective project implementation in the river basins.

Engagement of key stakeholders: The key stakeholders such as line agencies, local communities, the credible NGOs, and other organizations at the river basin, national, and regional levels will be identified and pro-active engaged along the planning process to represent their reviews and support project implementation. A key output will be the undertaking of regular reflection workshops where stakeholder satisfaction will provide a strong indication of whether the enhanced stakeholder processes are working effectively.

Joint learning by doing: Key achievement of this project is the effectiveness of joint implementation between Lao PDR and Thailand therefore joint learning by doing approach is necessary to improve common understanding and efficiency of joint implantation through sharing information, experiences, and knowledge.

Promote transboundary cooperation: The main aim of this project is to enhance transboundary cooperation and demonstrate joint basin planning for river basin management between Lao PDR and Thailand thus continuity identification new areas for transboundary cooperation will be promoted and implemented during joint project operation.



4. Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring and evaluation: The project implementation will be monitored through the workplan and the progress reports. The performance of the project implementation will be evaluated by indicators regarding to project objectives, outcomes and outputs, together with sources of data as given in the **Design and Monitoring Framework (Annex 1)**. This framework is designed to be consistence with the MRCS M-IWRMP Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Framework – Final Handbook designed for all relevant MRCS Programmes implementation.

The Spreadsheet Database System for the Project Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting will be developed during the project cycles through a participatory process involving stakeholders. Training will be given to stakeholders. The Monitoring and Evaluation system will be used to monitor progress according to the periodic implementation plans and to evaluate to what extent the project has achieved the objectives for both lake basins.

5. Reporting

Reporting will follow the Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Framework – Final Handbook Chapter 3.

All management and progress reports shall be prepared jointly by the two participating countries. The two National Transboundary Consultants of both concerned countries will coordinate the consolidation of the joint periodic reports. The lead editor responsibility of progress reports will rotate between the two concerned countries.

Progress Reports: The Framework requires progress reports as follows:

- Quarterly Activities Reports (QAR);
- Six monthly Outputs Reports (SOR);
- Annual Outcomes Reports (AOR)

Reporting will be against the joint set of Outcomes, Outputs, Activities and indicators-Milestones.

The following project management reports will be produced:

<u>Inception Report</u>: Outlining the confirmed framework, Project Implementation Plan (PIP), implementation mechanisms, procedures, and agreed approach, and updated Design, Monitoring and Evaluation Framework. The agreed Project Document, Joint Single Project Implement Plan and first year detailed tasks and budget planning will constitute the Inception Report.

<u>Final report</u>: To consolidate the progress and achievements of the project and to document the lessons learned from implementation of the transboundary projects.

6. Gender Mainstreaming

MRC is committed to gender mainstreaming in all its activities. It is the aim of the MRC to ensure equal opportunities to women and men to be able to fully benefit from water related resources development and the equal participation of women and men in development activities is an important principle for all components.

The project will adhere to these goals and follow the M-IWRMP/MRCS Handbook on Gender Mainstreaming and Poverty Reduction Strategies²

7. Project implementation arrangements

The implementation of the transboundary project will be characterised by the three following key issues³:

- (i) The project implementation will be under the leadership of the two transboundary countries of Lao PDR and Thailand. As stated above, the M-IWRMP PCMU and other relevant MRC Programmes will provide facilitating support whenever needed. This approach may as well be seen as an example for the MRC decentralization process when the MRC countries take a proactive implementation lead of IWRM activities while the MRCS facilitates and provides needed support.
- (ii) The countries and the PCMU will ensure that the transboundary project will be implemented in line with the overall M-IWRM Project aims, objectives and activities. This includes that the relevant MRC Procedures and Technical Guidelines will be fully taken into account when needed and relevant to improve their implementation within the MRC framework on both the national and regional level.
- (iii) The transboundary project will be aligned with the national M-IWRMP activities under WB funding. Therefore, this project will exclusively focus on joint, bilateral and transboundary implementation of water resource management issues and will not duplicate any activities that are already implemented under the national component. However, synergies will be exploited to the highest possible extent.

The transboundary projects are implemented as part of the Mekong IWRM Project, and the management arrangements are aligned with the M-IWRMP procedures.

• *Inception Stage:* In close collaboration with the respective countries, the M-IWRMP will support and facilitate the formulation and finalisation of transboundary project proposals. The M-IWRMP will play a leading formulation role in coordination with respective MRCS Programmes.

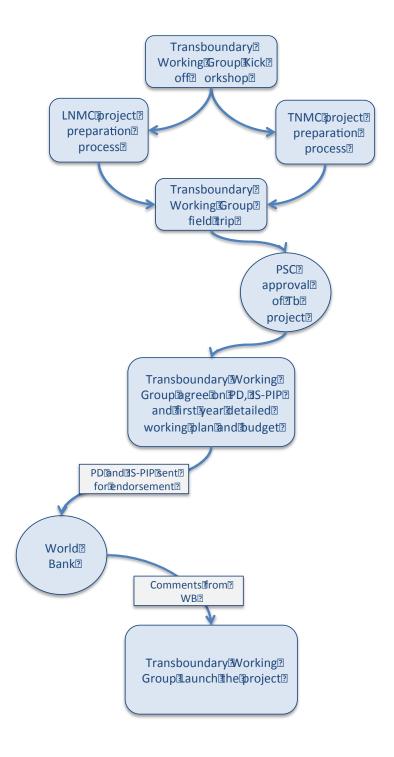
² In draft, the final workshop to endorse this document is scheduled for November 2013

³ Defined in the Mekong IWRM Project Inception Report, September 2010

- *Approval:* The transboundary project was approved by the 5th PSC meeting of the M-IWRMP. This final agreed PD and JS-PIP will be sent to the WB for comments and advice. The development and approval process is illustrated in figure 9
- *Implementation*: After comment from the WB the M-IWRMP will, in coordination with both countries, organise a project launching and immediately thereafter the implementation of the project will start. The overall fiduciary management responsibilities remain in the MRCS as an executing agency. Technical responsibilities and some procurement responsibilities (e.g. recruitment of the national consultants) will be carried out by the countries as implementing agency.

Figure 3: Development and approval process

⁴ The flowchart only shows the overall principles. The actual process involved more details



The project will be implemented at the national level of the two transboundary countries, Lao PDR through River Basin Platforms and working groups and Thailand through River Basin Committees and working groups. The involved institutions are outlined below.

Due to the transboundary character of this project both countries will have to ensure sufficient bilateral exchange to achieve the project objectives in a joint cooperation manner. The designated National M-IWRM Projects Coordinators (e.g. key representatives from

participating NMCs, line agencies, other agencies) need to coordinate and implement activities jointly and ensure effective information as well as expertise exchange. This will be enabled through a transboundary coordination group and through regular working group meetings.

Progress, outcomes and implementation constraints will be reported to the M-IWRMP but Project Steering Committee through M-IWRMP, which meet twice a year. The PSC will provide steering and guidance as needed.

The progress of the project will be assessed through the M-IWRMP but as well the project Monitoring and Evaluation System.

National project coordination

Involved Institutions

Thailand

TNMC secretariat will act as national coordination unit for Thailand

Nam Kam Working Group will act as the project implementer.

Lao PDR

<u>LNMC</u> secretariat will assist transboundary coordination and management in coordinating with DWR⁵ and other relevant stakeholders at national level.

<u>Division of Natural Resources</u> of Lao PDR will support and manage implementation at provincial level.

Department of National Resources – provincial level is responsible for project implementation.

In addition other relevant line agencies and representatives of the non-government sector of the selected river basins will be involved.

Role of NMC's

The responsibilities of the NMCs are to facilitate and coordinate with relevant national NMC programmes, line agencies and M-IWRMP on the implementation of the project in their respective country.

5 The mandates of the DWR of Lao PDR and LMCs are under revision and expected to complete in Jan 2012 therefore the appropriate implementation and management structure of this transboundary project of Lao PDR will be reviewed during Inception phase.

Role of the line agencies

The responsibilities of the line agencies are to implement the project. This shall be don in collaboration with respective NMC, the National Transboundary Consultant and local communities and working groups.

National Transboundary Consultant

According to the approved ToR of the National Transboundary Consultant.

The role of the M-IWRMP/MRCS

The M-IWRMP/MRCS will facilitate, coordinate to provide financial and technical supports for the transboundary project implementation.

Technical support, by ensuring linkages to other MRCS activities including inviting other MRCS programmes and/or countries to participate in certain workshops and other events.

Transboundary coordination and cooperation is a crosscutting issue for all the MRCS programmes, and many of them have specific activities in relation to this. The M-IWRMP will ensure technical and financial supports and coordination from such initiatives.

Programmes particular relevant to this Transboundary project including but not limited to BDP, IKMP, EP, AIP, ICCS, FMMP, and ICBP, ...etc.

Transboundary Coordination

This Transboundary Project aims at enhancing the dialogue between the participating countries. It is therefore imperative that strong emphasis is put on transboundary coordination, both between the respective countries about this transboundary project, but also between this project and other relevant activities in the region.

At a strategic management level the M-IWRMP Steering Committee and Project Management and Coordination Unit will provide the coordination to other transboundary projects and other MRCS programmes. At the implementation level the following transboundary arrangements will be utilised to ensure coordination and exchange of practical experiences.

Transboundary Coordination Group (TCG)

The purpose of this group is to manage this transboundary project. More specifically it is; -to ensure synergy and experience exchange between the two countries involved in this project; - and to facilitate coordination with other projects at the guidance of the M-IWRMP PSC and PCMU. The TCG shall discuss issues arising from the implementation and agree on joint solutions to joint problems.

This group will meet every 6 months, on the invitation of the M-IWRMP. Participation in the group consist of be M-IWRMP, NMC and National Tb Consultants in each respective country and other relevant stakeholders directly involved in the implementation of the project.

The Group will discuss progress and update the rolling one-year action plan. This will include six monthly detailed tasks and budget plan, and indicative annual detailed tasks and budget plan.

The TCG will prepare the Joint Progress Report. The Joint Progress Report will be drafted by the National Tb Consultant for each country, and consolidated into one report before submission to the M-IWRMP. One country will take lead in consolidating the progress report on a rotational basis.

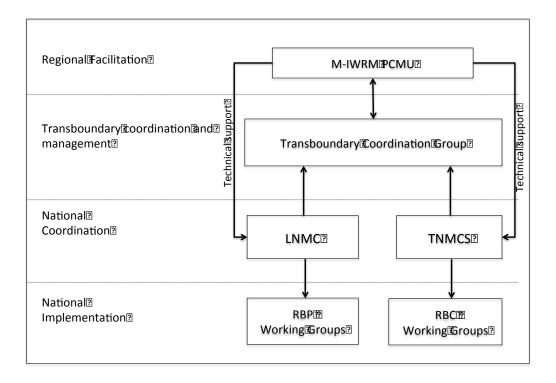
Annual Regional Reflection Workshops

These annual reflection workshops will be organised once a year in the transboundary project areas, and include representatives from all the transboundary projects, and other similar initiatives from other MRC programmes.

The purpose of the workshop is exchange/share the experience and lessons learnt from the project implementation. These lessons learnt will be used for planning and Improvement next years' project implementation.

The meetings will be focussed on a relevant theme relating to transboundary dialogue and they will include participation from the practical implementation level.

Figure 4 Institutional arrangements



Workplan and milestones

An initiative long-term workplan from 2014-2016 is presented in Table 3 Indicative long-term workplan to ensure that all outputs will be delivered on time with quality assured and proactive engagement of key stakeholders.

A detailed workplan (Project implementation Plan) will be developed during Inception phase. The following table presents key milestones.

Table 2 Key milestones

Year	Key milestones						
2014	Initial working groups established						
	 Transboundary coordination and management mechanism established 						
	Inception report						
	RBCs/RBPs and working groups established						
	Capacity needs of RBCs/RBPs and working groups identified and a road map of						
	capacity building programme						
	Base data and maps						
	Annual knowledge and experience exchanged						
2015	Prioritized capacity building programme delivered						
	Relevant MRC Procedures demonstrated						
	State and trends of river basin report 2014						
	Prioritized IWRM tools demonstrated						
	Annual knowledge and experience exchanged						
2016	IWRM tools demonstrated (continue)						
	River basin networks at sub-basin level established and knowledge transferred						
	Base data and maps updated						
	Scoping of scenario assessment for IMMR planning						
	Annual knowledge and experience exchanged						
	Assessment of scenarios						
	Relevant MRC Procedures applied						
	State and trends of river basin report 2016						
	IWRM-based River basin management strategies and plans for wetlands						
	management, flood management and sustainable irrigation development						
	Annual knowledge and experience exchanged						

Table 3 Indicative long-term workplan⁶

No	ndicative long-term workplan												
110	Outcomes/Outputs	2014			2015				2016				
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
01	RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans												
O 1.1	RBCs and working groups established												
O 1.2	Capacity needs identified and built												
O 1.3	Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred												
O 2	Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.												
O 2.1	Databases and base maps of the river basin												
O 2.2	State and trends of the river basins												
O 2.3	Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools												
O 2.4	IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans												
03	Strengthened transboundary cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management												
O 3.1	Project implementation and management structures established												
O 3.2	Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied												
O 3.3	Effective transboundary project implementation and management												

 $oldsymbol{6}$ Detailed planning has only been done for the first year of implementation. A rolling plan will be updated every 6 months

8. Budget

The total budget required to deliver the planned outputs and outcomes for this Transboundary project is as a lumpsum estimated at USD 354,000 for the three years implementation plan (2014-2016). The budget is estimated across the outcomes and outputs as given in Table 4.3.

Funding through the M-IWRMP World Bank grant is expected to be available in beginning of 2014, with the total budget of US\$ 354,000 for a period of 2014-2016. This budget covers the first phase of the project. If other funding becomes available a 2nd phase will be implemented. As the nature of this project is such that both countries could justify spending more resources on the implementation it has been agreed, that the available funding will be shared between the two countries with 182,200 USD for Lao and USD 171,800 for Thailand. Other funding is expected as in-kind contribution of USD 80,000 from the Transboundary Countries (USD 40,000 from Lao PDR and USD 40,000 from Thailand).

Table 4 Budget estimates for Outcomes and Outputs

Outcomes and outputs	World Bank Grant USD
Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans	114,500
2.1.3 Output 1.1 : RBCs/RBPs and Working Groups established.	52,700
2.1.4 Output 1.2 : Capacity needs identified and capacity built.	49,800
2.1.5 Output 1.3 : Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to sub-basin level	12,000
Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.	121,100
2.1.6 Output 2.1 : Databases and base maps of the river basins	24,500
2.1.7 Output 2.2 : State and trends of the river basins	17,500
2.1.8 Output 2.3: Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management	45,100
2.1.9 Output 2.4 : IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development	34,000
Outcome 3: Strengthened cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management	94,100

18,300
41,300
34,500
24,300
354,000

9. Financial arrangements:

Management of finances and logistics for the Project implementation will be undertaken by the LNMC and TNMC to be compliance with MRC Administration and Financial manual. One imprest account each will be opened by LNMC and TNMC for disbursement of project funds

The bank account (a current account) shall be established at an MRC approved bank. The bank account should be named "MRC – (project) – (location)".

M-IWRMP PCMU of the MRCS will transfer based on the approved JS-PIP. The maximum amount that can be held in the imprest account (ceiling) is 2.5 x the average monthly budget in the JS-PIP year one

The first transfer will be maximum the ceiling amount. Following transfers will be on the basis of expenditure statement from the NMC and will replenish the imprest account to the max ceiling. Monthly imprest accounts report including expenses and possible income for the previous month should be forwarded to the MRCS for replenishment no later than the 5th of every month.

The account and the funds shall be managed according to the MRC Finance Manual, particularly Chapter 5 Accounts, Part 1 Imprest Account page 34 to 43.

Only expenses directly related to the approved work plans and the imprest account budget can be charged to the imprest account.

10. References

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WREA (2010). "Decree on Establishment and Activities of River Basin Committee." Water Resources and Environment Administration, Department of Water Resources, Vientiane, Lao PDR.

Annexes

Annex 1) Design and Monitoring Framework

Design summary	Indicators	Source of Data
Project Goal		
Support pro-poor development, sustainable livelihoods and maintain mainstream of the Mekong River	 Development and management plans are implemented Quality of life of local people has improved Flows at pilot basin outlets is maintained both quantity and quality 	 Numbers of implemented projects which formulated from development and management plans Reports from various institutions assessing the socioeconomic in the basin i.e. provincial reports MRC monitoring reports on quantity and quality of the Mekong mainstream
Project Objective		

Design summary	Indicators Source of Data							
transboundary cooperation between Lao PDR and Thailand and improved river basin management through strengthen capacity of the RBCs and working groups, effectively uses of knowledge and IWRM tools, application of MRC Procedures, and transboundary project coordination and management	Lao PDR and Thailand has enhanced transboundary cooperation River basin management has improved	 M-IWRM monitoring and progress reports Numbers of transboundary cooperation project identified MOU for cooperation for river basin management Assessment report of river basin management Stakeholder survey 						
Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans	 Capacity of RBCs and working groups built RBCs and working groups are accepted by stakeholders IWRM principles applied in the planning process plans are accepted and committed to initiative implementation by stakeholders 	 Assessment report of training programme Stakeholder survey Basin development and management plans Project and M-IWRM monitoring and progress reports 						
Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.	 RBC/RBPs and working groups implement activities by themselves Information and knowledge is updated Timelines and quality of data, information and analyses delivered for planning Data is being used in the planning process IWRM tools are applied in the planning process 	 List of data collection State and trend of basin report Assessment report of training programme Scoping report of scenario assessment Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports 						

Design summary	Indicators	Source of Data					
2.1.14 Outcome 3: Strengthen transboundary cooperation and effective transboundary project coordination and management	 Transboundary project coordination and management mechanism and national implementation mechanism are in placed Data and information are shared Experiences and lessons exchanged MRC Procedures are applied at sub-basin level Transboundary dialogues are effective Project coordination and management are effective 	 TORs of implement and management mechanisms Procedure for data sharing Minutes of experiences and lessons exchanged Minutes of transboundary dialogues Annual report on MRC procedures implementation Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluat reports Donor reviews 					
Outputs							
Outcome 1 RBCs/RBPs and working gr	oups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin manageme	nt plans					
Output 1.1 RBCs and working groups established	 Agreed on TORs of RBC and relevant working groups Agreed on selection process RBCs and working groups established RBCs and working groups recognised 	 Minute of meetings Letters of appointment Stakeholder survey Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports 					
1.1.2. Analyse lessons learned from to put in practice.1.1.3: Identify objective, scope, rol1.1.4: RBCs/RBP and working groups	in Platform (RBP) and working group in the basin. In the process of formulation, implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation, implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation, and management of existing RBCs/Rive The process of formulation implementation in the basin. The process of formulation implementation is the process of the proce	r Basin Platform in the Basin to improve IWRM working principles					
Output 1.2 Capacity needs indentified and built	Capacity needs identifiedComprehensive road map for capacity building	 Capacity needs assessment report Tanning assessment report (pre and post) 					

Design summary	gn summary Indicators Source of Data						
	 Priority training programmes delivered RBCs and working groups contributing and guiding during project implementation RBCs and working groups contributing and guiding for basin planning and management 	Minute of meetings Project and M-IWRM monitoring , progress and evaluation reports					
including wetland manager 1.2.2. Prepare road map and action 1.2.3. Evaluate the previous capa	capacity needs of RBCs/RBP and working groups in both countries focused on IWRM ment, flood management and irrigation development on plan to implement capacity building in each river basin city building and develop the future capacity building plan ders to strengthen working group understanding of IWRM process to put it into real prapply at the local areas						
Output 1.3 Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to sub-basin level	 4 river basin networks are engaged Knowledge is transferred to sub-basin level Views and needs of sub-basins are integrated into basin context 	 Minutes of network meetings Basin development and management plans Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports 					
	ding and integrated views and needs on river basin planning and management in each						
2.1.15 Outcome 2: Knowled	dge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used e	ffectively.					
Output 2.1 Databases and base maps of the river basins	 Data collection and base maps check list ready Number of collected data and produced maps according to check list Quality of data acceptable Road map to update, maintain and improve database ready 	 Report of data quality assured Project and M-IWRM monitoring , progress and evaluation reports 					

Design summary	Indicators	Source of Data
2.1.2. Workshop for data analysi2.1.3. Build databases and base i		villages levels.
Output 2.2 State and trends of the river basins	 Table of content is developed State and trends of the river basins is published The report is being used 	 Review report Number references to this report Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports
Activities 2.2.1. Prepare concept note on the 2.2.2. Analyse data and issues to	•	
Output 2.3 Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management	 List of demonstrated IWRM tools is agreed 25 members of RBOs trained in the use of identified IWRM tools 5 IWRM tools used in river planning and management 	 Minute of meetings Tanning assessment report (pre and post) Scenario scoping and assessment report Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports
2.3.2. Train and demonstrate how2.3.3. Apply the identified IWR	ools to support planning and management in the river basins (Pilot areas) to apply the identified IWRM tools. If tools to support preparation of IWRM based river basin management plans. for IWRM through demonstration	

Design summary	Indicators	Source of Data					
2.1.16 Output 2.4 IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development	 Scope of scenario assessment and extent to which assessment results are accepted by stakeholders are agreed Relevant national agencies, MRC programmes and stakeholders contributes and have ownership of the strategies and plans Strategies and plans are accepted and committed to implementation by stakeholders. 	 Scenario scoping and assessment report Development and management strategies and plans Stakeholder survey 					
Activities 2.4.1 Update environmental and eco-social data and information on the development of the Basin relevant IWRM tools 2.4.2 Identify and prepare management action plans for integrated wetland, irrigation and flood managements in the sustainable development. 2.4.3 Widely consult with relevant stakeholders on the river Basin Management and development. 2.4.4 Spawning of conservation areas. 2.1.17 Outcome 3: Strengthen transboundary cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management							
Output 3.1 Project implementation and management structures established	 National implement mechanism established Transboundary project coordination and management mechanism established Agreed on working principles 	Inception report Minute of meetings Letters of appointment Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports					
	t implementation and management structures and working principles (Project Internal ag and future mechanisms for effective National and Transboundary coordination and						
Output Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied	 All relevant data and information shared All relevant issues of experiences and lessons exchanged Joint learning programmes delivered 	 Procedure for data sharing Minutes of experiences and lessons exchanged Annual report on MRC procedures implementation Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation 					

Design summary	Indicators	Source of Data
	MRC Procedures applied at sub-basin level	reports
3.2.2. Local Data Management3.2.3. Joint Data Management v3.2.4. Transboundary field visit3.2.5. Transboundary filed visit	e-Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing (PDISE) between both workshops/meetings to share experiences and lesson for internal basins workshops/meetings to exchange experiences and lesson for both basins s between both river basins to other basins orkshop on progress of the project implementation.	river basins
Output 3.3 Effective joint implementation and transboundary dialogues	 Cost effective used ?? Transboundary dialogues designed and implemented Relevant stakeholders engaged 	 Minutes of transboundary dialogues Stakeholder survey Project and M-IWRM monitoring, progress and evaluation reports Donor reviews
3.3.2. Joint Transboundary Proj	nual Reflection Workshop ect Evaluation sultation meeting for management	

Annex 2) List of participants in formulating the project document

No	Name Surname	Position	Organization
Lao P		1 USILIUII	OI gamization
1	Mr. Khamphone Buntivong	Deputy of Director General	Office administration Savanhnaket Province
2	Mr Sinouane Siharath	Director	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
	Mr. Khamphanit Vongsa	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
3	Mr. Inpasith Sihalath	Deputy of Division	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
4	Mr. Sing Phachansthy	Technical officer	Division of Irrigation Savanhnaket Province
5	Mr. Khamphoie Vongsa	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Xonbuly district
6	Ms. Keoudon Chounlamontry	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Champhone district
7	Mr. Khamane Tihaphannon	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Songkhon district
8	Mr. Khamphone Buntivong	Deputy of Director General	Office administration Savanhnaket Province
9	Mr Sinouane Siharath	Director	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
10	Mr. Khamphanit Vongsa	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
11	Mr. Inpasith Sihalath	Deputy of Division	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Savanhnaket Province
12	Mr. Sing Phachansthy	Technical officer	Division of Irrigation Savanhnaket Province
13	Mr. Khamphoie Vongsa	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Xonbuly district
14	Ms. Keoudon Chounlamontry	Deputy of Director General	Office of Natural Resources and Environment Champhone district
15	Mr. Khamane Tihaphannon	Deputy of Director General	Department of Natural Resources and Environment Songkhon district
Thaila			
1	Mr. Nipon Monmuangean	Kong Basin Committee	Civil society
2	Mr. Prasart Tongsiri	Member of Nam Kam working group	Civil society
3	Mr. Arkom Akkhanit	Kong Basin Committee	N. G. G. I.
4	Mr. Naret Kamrisu	Head of office	Nong Sang Sub-district Administative Organization
5	Mr. Somboon Pumpao	Head of office	Kanlueng sub-district administrative organization
6	Mr. Chokchai Cheaboriboon	Agriculture water user representative	Civil society
7	Dr. Phuwadol Doydee	Lecturer	Kesetsart University Sakon Nakhon
8	Mrs. Pakawan Chufamanee	Director of Bureau of Mekong Basin Management	Department of Water Resource
9	Mr. Burachat Buasuwan	National coordinator of M-IWRMP	Department of Water Resource

10	Mr. Sith Nuthai	Technical officer	Department of Water Resource
11	Mr. Chatchai Ratanachai	National Communication Outreach	
		Consultant	
12	Mr. Sansonthi Boonyothayan	National Transboundary Consultant	
13	Ms. Panporn Suwan	National M-IWRMP Coordinator	Thai National Mekong Committee
14	Mr. Buree Suwanarat	National BDP Specialist	Thai National Mekong Committee
15	Mr. Apichart Hongsawong	Agriculture Water User Representative	Civil Society
16	Mr. Siripong Sirikul	Nam Kam Working Group	Civil Society
17	Mr.Prajya Ngamjan	Lecturer	Kesetsart University Sakon Nakhon
Meko	ng River Commission Secretariat		
1	Mr. Satit Phiromchai	Director of Planning Division	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
2	Dr Piriya Uraiwong	M-IWRMO Coordinator	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
3	Dr. Phoumin Han	M-IWRMP Coordinator	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
4	Mr Vathana Prum	Senior Performance, Monitoring &	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
		Evaluation Specialist.	
5	Mr. Gavin Quibell	M-IWRMP Chief Technical Advisor	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
6	Ms. Oulavanh Sinsamphanh	Junior Riparian Professional	Mekong River Commission Secretariat
7	Mr Ole Houmøller	International Transboundary Consultant	
8	Dr. Thanaphon Piman	Consultant	

Annex 3) Final Joint Single Project Planning

Outcome Output Activities	2014			2015					Agreed				
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Total for both countries (Lao - Thailand).	12,100	36,200	28,700	40,800	14,000	23,250	18,500	85,500	4,800	13,400	12,750	64,000	354,000
Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans	10,500	20,200	18,800	27,200	5,900	4,100	900	13,150	400	400	400	12,550	114,500
Output 1.1 : RBCs/RBPs and Working Groups established.	10,500	20,200	18,800	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	1	52,700
Activity 1.1.1 Establish an initial River Basin Platform (RBP) and working group in the basin.	5,500	12,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	17,700
Milestone 1.1.1.1 TOR of working group developed and members of working group selected and officially approved by relevant authorities. (Q1 2014)	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milestone 1.1.1.2 Workshop organized for members of WG to understand its TOR and assign responsibilities among its members. (Q2 2014)	-	6,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)	-	5,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Outcome / Output / Activities	2014			2015				2016				Agreed	
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Activity 1.1.2. Analyze lessons learned from the	-	-	4,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4,400
process of formulation, implementation, and													
management of existing RBCs/RBPs in the													
Basin to improve IWRM working principles to													
put in practice.			4,400										
Milestone 1.1.2.1 WG lessons learnt published (Q3 2014)	-	-	ŕ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Activity 1.1.3: Identify objective, scope, roles	-	-	14,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,000
and responsibilities of relevant working groups													
to fit the Basin conditions.													
Milestone 1.1.3.1 Issues Identified (Q3 2014)	-	-	7,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milestone 1.1.3.2 TOR and Action Plan for	-	-	7,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WGs developed (Q3 2014)													
Activity 1.1.4: Establish RBCs/RBP and	2,000	-	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	-	5,600
working groups Meeting													
Milestone 1.1.4.1 Minutes of Meetings	2,000	-	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	-	-
submitted. Every quarter after 2014													
Activity: 1.1.5 Establish management	3,000	8,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,000
committee/Working group for Sub-													
district/District levels.	3,000												
Milestone 1.1.5.1.Sub-level water committee established (Q1 2014)	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Milestone 2. Sub-level/area Work Group	-	8,000	-	=	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
established (Q2 2014)													
Output 1.2: Capacity needs identified and	-	-	-	24,800	5,000	1,200	-	9,500	-	-	-	9,300	49,800
capacity built.													

Outcome / Output / Activities		20	14			20	15			20)16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Activity 1.2.1: Gap analysis and identify capacity needs of RBCs/RBP and working groups in both countries focused on IWRM-based river basin planning and transboundary	-	-	-	4,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,800
cooperation issues including wetland management, flood management and irrigation development.													
Milestone 1.2.1.1 Capacity Needs Assessment completed of RBC/RBP/WG (Q4 2014)	-	-	-	1,900	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Milestone 1.2.1.2 Gap Analysis and Capacity Needed reported (Q4 2014)	-	-	-	2,900	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Activity 1.2.2. Prepare road map of action plan to implement capacity building in each river basin	-	-	-	20,000	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	22,000
Milestone 1.2.2.1 Work Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)	-	-	-	20,000	-	-	-	1,000	1	-	-	1,000	-
Milestone 1.2.2.2 Capacity Development Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Activity 1.2.3. Evaluate the previous capacity building and develop the future capacity building plan.	-	-	-	1	1	1,200	-	1,000	1	1	-	1,000	3,200
Milestone 1.2.3.1 Capacity Building Action Plan developed (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	-
Activity 1.2.4 Link with related stakeholders to strengthen working group understanding of IWRM process to put it into real practices	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	4,000
M:1.2.4.1 Workshop held for related stakeholders and WG (Q1 2015)	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	-
Activity 1.2.5 Design the IWRM tools to apply at the local areas.	-	-	-	-	3,000	-	-	6,500	-	-	-	6,300	15,800

Outcome Output Activities		20	14			20	15			20)16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Milestone 1.2.5.1 Selected Tools applied to Xe Bang Hieng-Nam Kam (Q1 2015)	-	-	-	1	3,000	-	1	6,500	ı	-	-	6,300	-
Output 1.3: Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to subbasin level	-	-	-	2,000	500	2,500	500	3,250	-	-	-	3,250	12,000
Activity 1.3.1: Establish river basin networks at sub-basin level	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	2,000	6,000
Milestone 1.3.1.1 Networks Established (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	1	ı	2,000	1	2,000	ı	-	-	2,000	-
Activity 1.3.2. Build a common understanding and integrated views and needs on river basin planning and management in each country.	-	-	-	2,000	500	500	500	1,250	ı	-	-	1,250	6,000
Milestone 1.3.2.1 Regular planning meetings held with network participation (Q4 2014 and Q1,Q2,Q3 2015)	1	-	ı	2,000	500	500	500	1,250	ı	-	-	1,250	-
Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.		-	1	1,500	5,500	13,150	11,500	41,350	2,500	10,100	4,250	31,250	121,100
Output 2.1: Databases and base maps of the river basins	1	-	1	-	1	3,400	1	11,500	-	2,100	-	7,500	24,500
Activity 2.1.1 Identify purposes of use of data and maps according to collected data, quality, and assurance.	1	-	1	ı	1	1,400	1	2,000	ı	-	-	2,000	5,400
Milestone 2.1.1.1 WG capacitated in use data and map (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	1	1	1,400	1	2,000	-	-	-	2,000	-
Activity 2.1.2 Workshop for data analysis.	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	2,000	6,000
Milestone 2.1.2.1 Workshop organised for RBC/RBP/WG and focal point (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	2,000	-
Activity 2.1.3 Build databases and base maps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-	2,000	8,000

Outcome / Output / Activities		20	14			20	15			20)16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Milestone 2.1.3.1 Database and base maps completed (Q4 2015)	-	-	Ī	1	-	ı	ı	6,000	ı	1	ı	2,000	-
Activity 2.1.4 Develop a road map to update, maintain and improve database for the future strategies to develop sub-district/villages levels.	-	-	i	1	-	í	1	1,500	ı	2,100	1	1,500	5,100
Milestone 2.1.4.1 Database Management Plan developed (Q2 2016)	-	-	ı	1	-	1	-	1,500	1	2,100	1	1,500	-
Output 2.2 : State and trends of the river basins	-	-	-	-	-	5,750	-	5,000	-	-	1,750	5,000	17,500
Activity 2.2.1 Prepare concept note on the pilot areas.	-	-	ı	1	-	5,000	-	2,500	-	1	1,000	2,500	11,000
Milestone 2.2.1.1 Work plan and goal in pilot areas prepared (Q2 2015)	-	-	ı	1	-	5,000	1	2,500	1	1	ı	2,500	-
Milestone 2.2.1.2. Lesson learnt from pilot areas prepared (Q3 2016)	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1,000	1	-
Activity 2.2.2 Analyse data and issues to input to the report.	-	-	Ī	1	-	750	Ī	2,500	1	1	750	2,500	6,500
Milestone 2.2.2.1 Draft report prepared (Q2 2015 and Q3 2016)	-	-	J	-	-	750	1	2,500	1	-	750	2,500	-
Output 2.3: Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management	-	-	ı	1	-	ı	11,500	16,100	2,500	2,500	2,500	10,000	45,100
Activity 2.3.1 Identify relevant IWRM tools to support planning and management in the river basins (Pilot areas).	_	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	3,500		-	-	3,500	12,000
Milestone 2.3.1.1 IWRM tools identified for each pilot area (Q3 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	3,500	-	-	-	3,500	-
Activity 2.3.2 Train and demonstrate how to apply the identified IWRM tools.	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,500	2,000	1	-	-	2,000	10,500

0-4		20	14			20	15			20	16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Milestone 2.3.2.1 Workshop organised for basin WG (Q3 2015 and Q2 2016)	-	ı	-	-	-	-	6,500	2,000		-	-	2,000	-
Activity 2.3.3 Apply the identified IWRM tools to support preparation of IWRM based river basin management plans.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,000	14,000
Milestone 2.3.3.1 IWRM tools applied in River Basin and Pilot Areas (Quarterly from Q4 2015)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,000	-
Activity 2.3.4 Setting up learning areas for IWRM through demonstration.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,100	-	-	-	2,500	8,600
Milestone 2.3.4.1 Learning areas established in river basin and pilot areas (Q4 2016)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,100	-	-	-	2,500	-
Output 2.4: IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development	1	-	-	1,500	5,500	4,000	-	8,750	-	5,500	-	8,750	34,000
Activity 2.4.1. Update environmental and ecosocial data and information on the development of the Basin relevant IWRM tools.	-	-	-	1	-	1,500	-	1,500	-	-	-	1,500	4,500
Milestone 2.4.1.1 Database updated (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	1,500	-	1,500	-	-	-	1,500	-
Activity 2.4.2 Identify and prepare management action plans for integrated wetland, irrigation and flood managements in the sustainable development.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	5,500	-	5,000	15,500
Milestone 2.4.2.1 Work plan for pilot area Implemented (T) (Q2 2016)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	5,500	-	5,000	-
Milestone 2.4.2.2 Management and development plan prepared (L) (Q2 2016)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Activity 2.4.3 Widely consult with relevant stakeholders on the river Basin Management and development.	-	-	-	-	3,000	-	-	1,500	-	-	-	1,500	6,000

Outcome Output Activities		20	14			20	15			20	16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Milestone 2.4.3.1 Workshop held with all stakeholders (Q1 2015)	-	-	-	-	3,000	-		1,500	-	ı	-	1,500	-
Activity 2.4.4 Spawning of conservation areas.	-	-	-	1,500	2,500	2,500	-	750	-	-	=	750	8,000
Milestone 2.4.4.1 Conservation areas suitable for spawning selected (Q4 2014)	Ī	-	-	1,500	2,500	500	ı	750	ı	Ī	ı	750	-
Milestone 2.4.4.2 Capacity building for local population (Q4 2015)	ı	-	-	-	-	2,000	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı	-
Outcome 3: Strengthened cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management	1	12,400	8,300	10,500	1,000	4,400	4,500	27,900	300	1,300	6,500	17,000	94,100
Output 3.1: Project implementation and management structures established	-	10,000	8,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,300
Activity 3.1.1. Design and agree on project implementation and management structures and working principles (Project Internal regulation).	1	10,000	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	10,000
Milestone 3.1.1.1 Project management plan developed and agreed (Q2 2014)	-	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Activity 3.1.2 Review and improve existing and future mechanisms for effective National and Transboundary coordination and management	1	-	8,300	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	8,300
Milestone 3.1.2.1 Mechanisms of line of communication and coordination in the basin agreed (Q3 2014)	1	1	8,300	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	-
Output 3.2: Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied	1	2,400	-	4,700	1,000	4,400	2,000	16,450	300	1,300	4,000	4,750	41,300
Activity 3.2.1 Apply principles of MRC- Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing (PDIES) between both river basins	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	1,300	300	300	300	1,000	5,200

Outcome / Output /A ctivities		20	14			20	15			20)16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Milestone 3.2.1.1 Data sharing procedures and types of data agreed (Q3 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	1	2,000	1,000	1	-	-	1,000	-
Milestone 3.2.1.2 Data shared on regular basis (quarterly from Q4 2015)	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	300	300	300	300	ı	-
Activity 3.2.2 Local Data Management workshops/meetings to share experiences and lesson for internal basins	-	-	-	1	1,000	1	-	1,000	1	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000
Milestone 3.2.2.1 Experiences exchanged between sub-river basins (Q1 2015 and Q2 2016)	-	-	-	-	1,000	1	-	1,000	-	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Activity 3.2.3 Joint Data Management workshops/meetings to exchange experiences and lesson for both basins.	-	-	-	1	1	3,500	-	1,000	1	-	1	1,000	5,500
Milestone 3.2.3.1 Experiences exchanged between river basins (Q2 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	3,500	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	-
Activity 3.2.4 Transboundary field visits between both river basins	-	-	-	3,800	1	1	-	3,300	-	-	1,800	-	8,900
Milestone 3.2.4.1 Field Visit to river basin completed (Q4 2014, Q3 2015, Q3 2016)	-	-	-	3,800	-	-	-	3,300	-	-	1,800	-	-
Activity 3.2.5 Transboundary field visits to other basins.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,200	-	-	-	1,000	9,200
Milestone 3.2.5.1 Field visit to external basin completed (Q4 2015)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,200	-	-	-	1,000	-
Activity 3.2.6 National Consultation Workshop on progress of the project implementation	-	2,400	-	900	-	900	-	1,650	-	-	900	750	7,500
Milestone 3.2.6.1 Bi-annual Workshop completed (Q2 2014 to Q4 2016)	-	2,400	-	900	-	900	-	1,650	-	-	900	750	-
Output 3.3 : Effective transboundary project implementation and management	-	-	-	5,800	-	-	2,500	11,450	-	-	2,500	12,250	34,500

Outcome / Output / Activities		20	14			20	15			20	16		Agreed
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Activity 3.3.1 Joint Transboundary Annual	-	-	-	4,000	-	=	-	4,950	-	=	-	3,750	12,700
Reflection Workshop.													
Milestone 3.3.1.1 Joint TB workshop held (Q4	1	1	-	4,000	-	1	-	4,950	-	1	-	3,750	-
every year)													
Activity 3.3.2 Joint Transboundary Project	-	-	-	1,800	-	-	-	3,000	-	-	-	5,000	9,800
Evaluation.													
Milestone 3.3.2.1 Joint Evaluation Report	-	-	-	1,800	-	-	-	3,000	-	-	-	5,000	-
prepared (Q4 2015, Q4 2016)													
Activity 3.3.3 Joint Transboundary consultation	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	3,500	-	-	2,500	3,500	12,000
meeting for management level.													
Milestone 3.3.3.1 Meeting organised for senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	3,500	-	-	2,500	3,500	-
management (Q3 2015, Q3 2016)													

Programme Management	1,600	3,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	3,100	1,600	1,600	1,600	3,200	24,300
Xe Bang Hieng-Nam Kam Activities well	1,600	3,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	3,100	1,600	1,600	1,600	2,900	24,000
managed													
Activity 4.1.1 Strengthen administrative	700	2,700	700	700	700	700	700	2,200	700	700	700	2,200	13,400
management													
Milestone 4.1.1.1 Financial Management	700	2,700	700	700	700	700	700	2,200	700	700	700	2,200	-
procedures agreed (Q2 2014)													
Activity 4.1.2 Conduct the Project Monitoring	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	700	10,600
and evaluation.													
Quarterly Activities Progress Reports;													
Six Monthly Outputs Progress Report;													
Annual Outcome Progress Report;													
Internal Reports (Baseline and Completion													
reports);													
Milestone 4.1.2.1 Progress Reports submitted	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	700	-
(very quarter)													

Outcome / Output /Activities	2014					20	15				Agreed		
Outcome / Output /Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	budget
Project documentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	300
Activity 4.2.1 Media publication.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	300
Milestone 4.2.1.1 Final Report submitted (Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	300	-
2016)													
Total for Thailand NMC	1,400	13,000	15,000	29,600	13,300	22,550	17,800	25,800	4,100	12,700	12,050	4,500	171,800
Total for Lao PDR NMC	10,700	23,200	13,700	11,200	700	700	700	59,700	700	700	700	59,500	182,200

Annex 4) Detailed Activities / Milestones / Tasks & Budget planning for first year (2014, Thailand)

Total for Theiland	Country	I1		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
			1,400	13,000	15,000	29,600
Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans			500	9,200	12,800	22,700
Output 1.1 : RBCs/RBPs and Working Groups established.			500	9,200	12,800	400
Activity 1.1.1 Establish an initial River Basin Platform (RBP) and working group in the basin.	Thailand		500	4,200	-	-
Milestone 1.1.1.1 TOR of working group developed and members of working group selected and officially approved by relevant authorities. (Q1 2014)			500	-	-	-
Task 1.Draft transboundary project working group(TBWG) TOR and consult with Nam Kam Working group		RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society	500			
Task 2.Agree on TOR of TBWG		RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society	1			
Task 3.TBWG Establishment		DWR,RB C	-			
Milestone 1.1.1.2 Workshop organized for members of WG to understand its TOR and assign responsibilities among its members. (Q2 2014)			-	1,500	-	-

Total for Thailand Country Implementers Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society Task 1.Preparation for Nam Kam Working group workshop, Cooperate with related line agencies in Nam Kam River Basin Task 2.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understanding scope of project and select volunteer persons Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
agencies in Nam Kam River Basin Task 2.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understanding scope of project and select volunteer persons Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Civil society Task 2.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understanding scope of project and select volunteer persons RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW RBC,DW RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Task 2.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understanding scope of project and select volunteer persons Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil RRC,DW R, NGOs, Civil Society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Task 2.Nam Kam Working group workshop to make understanding scope of project and select volunteer persons RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R,NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
select volunteer persons R,NGOs, Civil society Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Civil society Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Task 3.Nam Kam Working group workshop to prepare TOR of TBWG RBC,DW R, NGOs, Civil society Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
expected outputs. (Q2 2014)
Task 1 Organize the 1st workshop at Mueang District, Sakon Nakorn Province to understand TRWG 900
Task 1.01gainze the 1st workshop at Wilcang District, bakon Nakon 110 vince to understand
the project area (issues, livelihood, opportunities, etc.) ,objective and expected output ,related
network
Task 2.Organize the 2nd workshop at Nakae District ,Nakhon Phanom Province to TBWG,
understand the project area (issues, livelihood, opportunities, etc.) ,objective and expected related
output network network
Task 3.Organize the 3rd workshop at Thard Phanom District, Nakorn Phanom Province to TBWG,
understand the project area (issues, livelihood, opportunities, etc.) ,objective and expected related
output network network
Activity 1.1.2. Analyze lessons learned from the process of formulation, implementation, and Thailand 1,400 -
management of existing RBCs/RBPs in the Basin to improve IWRM working principles to
put in practice.

Total for The land	C4	T. I.		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.1.2.1 WG lessons learnt published (Q3 2014)			-	-	1,400	-
Task 1.Draft summary lesson learnt from three workshops		National			400	
		consultant				
Task 2.Organize the workshop to consider Draft summary lesson learnt report		TBWG			600	
Task 3.Finalize summary lesson learnt report		National			400	
		consultant				
Activity 1.1.3: Identify objective, scope, roles and responsibilities of relevant working groups	Thailand		-	-		-
to fit the Basin conditions.					11,000	
Milestone 1.1.3.1 Issues Identified (Q3 2014)			-	-	5,500	-
Task 1.Organize the workshop in 15 sub-districts to understand the project area (issues,		TBEG,			4,500	
livelihood, opportunities, etc.) ,objective and expected output		related				
		network				
Task 2.Organize Summary workshop of 15 sub-districts		TBEG,			1,000	
		National				
		consultant,				
		related				
		network				
Milestone 1.1.3.2 TOR and Action Plan for WGs developed (Q3 2014)		_	-	-	5,500	

Total for Thailand	Country	intry Implementers		20	14	
Total for Thananu	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1.Organize the workshop in 15 sub-district to identify TOR and Action Plan		TBEG,			4,500	
		related				
		network				
Task 2.Organize Summary workshop of 15 sub-districts		TBEG,			1,000	
		National consultant,				
		related				
		network				
Task 3.Organize workshop to formulate sub-district working structure in 15 sub-districts						
					100	400
Activity 1.1.4: Establish RBCs/RBP and working groups Meeting	Thailand		-	-	400	400
Milestone 1.1.4.1 Minutes of Meetings submitted. Every quarter after 2014			-	-	400	400
Task 1.TBWG Meeting to follow up progress of the project					400	400
Task 2.Preparing quarterly report						
Activity: 1.1.5 Establish management committee/Working group for Sub-district/District levels.	Thailand		-	5,000	-	-
Milestone 1.1.5.1.Sub-level water committee established (Q1 2014)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Sub-district working group establishment						

Total for Theiland	Country	Implementare		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 2. Sub-level/area Work Group established (Q2 2014)		(THAILA ND)	-	5,000	-	-
Task 1.Sub-district working group establishment				5,000		
Output 1.2 : Capacity needs identified and capacity built.			-	1	1	21,800
Activity 1.2.1: Gap analysis and identify capacity needs of RBCs/RBP and working groups in both countries focused on IWRM-based river basin planning and transboundary cooperation issues including wetland management, flood management and irrigation development.	Thailand		-	1	1	1,800
Milestone 1.2.1.1 Capacity Needs Assessment completed of RBC/RBP/WG (Q4 2014)			-	-	-	400
Task 1.TBWG Meeting to analyze outputs from sub-district level		TBWG				400
(Will be reviewed implementation out next year)						

Total for Thelland	Commen	Implementers		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.2.1.2 Gap Analysis and Capacity Needed reported (Q4 2014)			-	ı	-	1,400
Task 1.TBWG workshop to formulate capacity building activities to fill gap		TBWG				400
Task 2.Consultation with sub-district working group to confirm capacity need		TBWG,Su				1,000
		b-district				
		WG				
		representat				
		ives				
Activity 1.2.2. Prepare road map of action plan to implement capacity building in each river basin	Thailand		-	-	-	20,000
Milestone 1.2.2.1 Work Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	20,000
Task 1.Consultation with sub-district WG to inform capacity need and prepare work plan in pilot areas						4,500
Task 2.Implentation of capacity building in pilot areas						
Task 2.1mplemation of capacity building in phot areas						15,500
Milestone 1.2.2.2 Capacity Development Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-

Total for The House	C4	Implementors		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity 1.2.3. Evaluate the previous capacity building and develop the future capacity	Thailand		-	-	-	-
building plan.						
Milestone 1.2.3.1 Capacity Building Action Plan developed (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.TBWG Workshop to evaluate implemented capacity building in pilot areas		TBWG				
Task 2.Formulate capacity building action plan based on evaluation of pilot areas		TBWG				
Activity 1.2.4 Link with related stakeholders to strengthen working group understanding of	Thailand		-	-	-	-
IWRM process to put it into real practices						
M:1.2.4.1 Workshop held for related stakeholders and WG (Q1 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Conducted workshop to share experience of IWRM implementation in project areas						
with stakeholders and WG						
Activity 1.2.5 Design the IWRM tools to apply at the local areas.	Thailand		-	-	-	-

Total for Thailand	Commt	I1		20)14	
10tal for 1 halland	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.2.5.1 Selected Tools applied to Xe Bang Hieng / Nam Kam (Q1 2015)			-	1	-	-
Task 1.Data collection in pilot areas		TBWG				
Task 2.Questionnaire to fulfill data and information						
Output 1.3 : Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to sub-basin level			-	-	-	500
Activity 1.3.1: Establish river basin networks at sub-basin level	Thailand		-	-	-	-
Milestone 1.3.1.1 Networks Established (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Nam Kam IWRM Forum		sub-basin WG in 3T sub-area				
Activity 1.3.2. Build a common understanding and integrated views and needs on river basin planning and management in each country.	Thailand		-	-	-	500
Milestone 1.3.2.1 Regular planning meetings held with network participation (Q4 2014 and Q1,Q2,Q3 2015)			-	-	-	500

Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers		20)14	
1 Otal for Thanand	Country	implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1.Meeting to share experience and work progress in project area		TBWG,				500
		Related				
		line .				
		agencies				
Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and			-	-	-	-
management being used effectively.						
Output 2.1 : Databases and base maps of the river basins			-	-	-	_
Activity 2.1.1 Identify purposes of use of data and maps according to collected data, quality, and assurance.	Thailand		-	-	-	-
Milestone 2.1.1.1 WG capacitated in use data and map (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1. Workshop to identify data and maps in project area.		TBWG				
Task 2. Data collection and maps preparation.		Sub				
		district				
		WG,				
		TBWG				
	7791 11 1					
Activity 2.1.2 Workshop for data analysis.	Thailand		-	-	-	-

Total for Thailand	Country Im	Implementers		2014					
1 Otal for Thanand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
Milestone 2.1.2.1 Workshop organised for RBC/RBP/WG and focal point (Q2 2015)			-	1	-	-			
Task 1.Workshop for data selection related to IWRM Project		TBWG							
Task 2. Workshop for data analysis		TBWG							
Activity 2.1.3 Build databases and base maps	Thailand		-	-	-	-			
Milestone 2.1.3.1 Database and base maps completed (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-			
Task 1.Prepare database and base map support selected tools		TBWG							
Task 2.Database and base map quality assurance		TBWG							
Activity 2.1.4 Develop a road map to update, maintain and improve database for the future	Thailand		-	-	-	-			
strategies to develop sub-district/villages levels.									
Milestone 2.1.4.1 Database Management Plan developed (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-			
Task 1.TBWG Consultation meeting to develop database management plan									
Task 2. Update database in 15 sub-districts									

Total for Theiland	Commitmen	Il		20	2014					
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Output 2.2 : State and trends of the river basins			ı	-	-	-				
Activity 2.2.1 Prepare concept note on the pilot areas.	Thailand		1	-	-	-				
Milestone 2.2.1.1 Work plan and goal in pilot areas prepared (Q2 2015)			1	-	-	-				
Task 1.Prepare work plan and goal in 15 sub-districts		sub- district WG,								
Task 2. Workshop to integrated work plan and goal		TBWG								
Milestone 2.2.1.2. Lesson learnt from pilot areas prepared (Q3 2016)			-	-	-	-				
Task 1.Learning and sharing on data base and base map preparation as well as work plan in pilot areas		sub- district WG, TBWG								
Activity 2.2.2 Analyse data and issues to input to the report.	Thailand		-	-	-	-				
Milestone 2.2.2.1 Draft report prepared (Q2 2015 and Q3 2016)			-	-	-	-				
Task 1. Workshop to analyse data and issues during project implementation		TBWG								

Total for The flow I	C	т 1	2014					
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Output 2.3: Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management			1	1	1			
Activity 2.3.1 Identify relevant IWRM tools to support planning and management in the river basins (Pilot areas).	Thailand		-	1	-	-		
Milestone 2.3.1.1 IWRM tools identified for each pilot area (Q3 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 1. Workshop to identify appropriated tool for pilot areas		TBWG, representat ive from sub- district WG						
Activity 2.3.2 Train and demonstrate how to apply the identified IWRM tools.	Thailand		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 2.3.2.1 Workshop organised for basin WG (Q3 2015 and Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-		
Task 1.Training workshop on IWRM tools		representat ive from sub- district WG,						

Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	2014					
Total for Thananu	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Task 2.Demonstrated IWRM tools in pilot areas		sub- district WG,						
Activity 2.3.3 Apply the identified IWRM tools to support preparation of IWRM based river basin management plans.	Thailand		-	ı	1	-		
Milestone 2.3.3.1 IWRM tools applied in River Basin and Pilot Areas (Quarterly from Q4 2015)			-	ı	ı	-		
Task 1.Selected appropriate tools to implement in pilot areas		TBWG						
Task 2.Follow up implementation tools in pilot areas		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G						
Activity 2.3.4 Setting up learning areas for IWRM through demonstration.	Thailand		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 2.3.4.1 Learning areas established in river basin and pilot areas (Q4 2016)			-	-	-	-		
Task 1.Set up criteria to select learning areas		TBWG						

Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	2014				
	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Task 2.Consultation for learning areas selection		representat					
		ive from					
		sub-					
		district WG,TBW					
		G					
Task 3.Exchange knowledge from learning area with other river basin		River					
There exists with the age from towards about the control of the co		basin					
		network					
Output 2.4 : IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on			-	-	-	-	
integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development							
Activity 2.4.1. Update environmental and eco-social data and information on the	Thailand		1	=	1	-	
development of the Basin relevant IWRM tools.							
Milestone 2.4.1.1 Database updated (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-	
Task 1.Review and update database							
Activity 2.4.2 Identify and prepare management action plans for integrated wetland,	Thailand		-	-	-	-	
irrigation and flood managements in the sustainable development.							

Total for Theiland	Country	Implementers		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 2.4.2.1 Work plan for pilot area Implemented (T) (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Prepare work plan in pilot area		representat				
		ive from sub-				
		district				
		WG,TBW				
		G				
Task 2.Project implement in pilot area following agreed work plan		sub-				
		district				
		WG,TBW G				
Milestone 2.4.2.2 Management and development plan prepared (L) (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-
Activity 2.4.3 Widely consult with relevant stakeholders on the river Basin Management and	Thailand		-	_	-	-
development.						
Milestone 2.4.3.1 Workshop held with all stakeholders (Q1 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.TBWG preparation meeting		TBWG				

Total for Thailand	Country	I1		20)14	
1 Otal for a namand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 2.Organize workshop with wildly stakeholder in Nam Kam River basin		TBWG,				
		stakeholde				
		r				
Task 3.TBWG to summarize workshop outputs		TBWG				
Activity 2.4.4 Spawning of conservation areas.	Thailand		-	1	-	-
Milestone 2.4.4.1 Conservation areas suitable for spawning selected (Q4 2014)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Organize workshop with stakeholder for site selection		representat				
		ive from				
		sub-				
		district				
		WG,TBW				
		G,				
		stakeholde				
Task 2.Data collection in conservation areas and spawning areas		r representat				
Task 2. Data confection in conservation areas and spawning areas		ive from				
		sub-				
		district				
		WG,TBW				
		G				

Total for Theiland	Country	I1		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 3.Community agreement of parents stock conservation area		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G, stakeholde r				
Task 4.Lessen learnt from conservation area		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G				
Milestone 2.4.4.2 Capacity building for local population (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Training to create awareness for community		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G, stakeholde r				
Task 2.Training for the local facilitators		Selected persons				

Total for The land	Commtene	1mplamantars	2014					
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Outcome 3: Strengthened cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management			-	2,900	1,300	6,000		
Output 3.1: Project implementation and management structures established			-	2,000	1,300	-		
Activity 3.1.1. Design and agree on project implementation and management structures and working principles (Project Internal regulation).	Thailand		-	2,000	-	-		
Milestone 3.1.1.1 Project management plan developed and agreed (Q2 2014)			-	2,000	-	-		
Task 1. TBWG consultation between two countries		TBWG		1,500				
Task 2. Draft management plan		TBWG		500				
Activity 3.1.2 Review and improve existing and future mechanisms for effective National and Transboundary coordination and management	Thailand		-	-	1,300	-		
Milestone 3.1.2.1 Mechanisms of line of communication and coordination in the basin agreed (Q3 2014)			-	-	1,300	-		
Task 1.Review existing mechanisms in national and transboundary coordination		TBWG			500			
Task 2.Improve mechanism of line of communication and coordination		TBWG			500			
Task 3.Agreed on mechanism of line of communication and coordination		TBWG			300			

Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers		20)14	
10tal for Thanand	Country	implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
				000		2.700
Output 3.2 : Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied			-	900	-	2,700
Activity 3.2.1 Apply principles of MRC-Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing (PDIES) between both river basins	Thailand		-	1	-	-
Milestone 3.2.1.1 Data sharing procedures and types of data agreed (Q3 2015)			-	1	-	-
Task 1.Workshop to make understanding on PDIES		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G, stakeholde r				
Task 2.Selected data and information in river basin related to PDIES		representat ive from sub- district WG,TBW G, stakeholde r				
Milestone 3.2.1.2 Data shared on regular basis (quarterly from Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-

Total for Theiland	Commtene	T1		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1. Learn together to share selected data and information		representat				
		ive from				
		sub-				
		district				
		WG,TBW				
		G, stakeholde				
		r				
Task 2. Follow up progress of data and information sharing		TBWG				
11 0						
Activity 3.2.2 Local Data Management workshops/meetings to share experiences and lesson for internal basins	Thailand		-	-	-	-
Milestone 3.2.2.1 Experiences exchanged between sub-river basins (Q1 2015 and Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-
Task 1. Exchange among sub-river basins in Nam Kam River Basin		TBWG				
Task 2.Exchange among pilot areas		TBWG				
Activity 3.2.3 Joint Data Management workshops/meetings to exchange experiences and lesson for both basins.	Thailand		-	-	-	-
Milestone 3.2.3.1 Experiences exchanged between river basins (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-

Total for Theiland	Commence	Investment of		20	14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1. Workshop to exchange experiences between two countries		TBWG				
Activity 3.2.4 Transboundary field visits between both river basins	Thailand		-	-	-	1,800
Milestone 3.2.4.1 Field Visit to river basin completed (Q4 2014, Q3 2015, Q3 2016)			-	-	-	1,800
Task 1.Selected site visit for exchange experiences between two countries		TBWG				300
Task 2.Site visit for exchange experiences between two countries		TBWG				1,500
Activity 3.2.5 Transboundary field visits to other basins.	Thailand		-	-	_	-
Milestone 3.2.5.1 Field visit to external basin completed (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.Selected transboundary field visit to other basins		TBWG				
Task 2.Field visit to other basins		TBWG				
Activity 3.2.6 National Consultation Workshop on progress of the project implementation	Thailand		-	900	-	900

Total for Thelland	Commence	I1		20)14	
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 3.2.6.1 Bi-annual Workshop completed (Q2 2014 to Q4 2016)			-	900	-	900
Task 1.TBWG consultation		TBWG		300		300
Task 2.Organize bi-annual workshop		TBWG		600		600
Output 3.3 : Effective transboundary project implementation and management			-	-	-	3,300
Activity 3.3.1 Joint Transboundary Annual Reflection Workshop.	Thailand		-	-	-	1,500
Milestone 3.3.1.1 Joint TB workshop held (Q4 every year)			-	-	=	1,500
Task 1.TBWG consultation		TBWG				300
Task 2.Organize join TB workshop		TBWG				1,200
Activity 3.3.2 Joint Transboundary Project Evaluation.	Thailand		-	-	-	1,800
Milestone 3.3.2.1 Joint Evaluation Report prepared (Q4 2015, Q4 2016)			-	-	-	1,800
Task 1.TBWG consultation		TBWG				1,800
Activity 3.3.3 Joint Transboundary consultation meeting for management level.	Thailand		-	-	-	_

Total for The land	C4	T. I.	2014				
Total for Thailand	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Milestone 3.3.3.1 Meeting organised for senior management (Q3 2015, Q3 2016)			-	-	-	-	
Task 1.Organize TB meeting for senior management		TBWG					
Programme Management			900	900	900	900	
Xebanghieng-Namkam Activities well managed			900	900	900	900	
Activity 4.1.1 Strengthen administrative management	Thailand		700	700	700	700	
Milestone 4.1.1.1 Financial Management procedures agreed (Q2 2014)			700	700	700	700	
Task 1.Project management day to day work		TBWG	700	700	700	700	
			200	200	200	200	
Activity 4.1.2 Conduct the Project Monitoring and evaluation.	Thailand		200	200	200	200	
Quarterly Activities Progress Reports; Six Monthly Outputs Progress Report;							
Annual Outcome Progress Report;							
Internal Reports (Baseline and Completion reports);							
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			200	200	200	200	
Milestone 4.1.2.1 Progress Reports submitted (very quarter)		TDWG					
Task 1.Prepare and submit reports at the end of every quarter		TBWG	200	200	200	200	

Total for Thailand	Country Implementers		2014				
1 Otal for Thanana	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Project documentation			-	-	-	-	
Activity 4.2.1 Media publication.	Thailand		-	-	-	-	
Milestone 4.2.1.1 Final Report submitted (Q4 2016)			-	=	-	-	
Task 1.Prepare and submit report at the end of the project		TBWG					
Total for Thailand NMC							
Total for Lao PDR NMC							

Annex 5) Detailed Activities / Milestones / Tasks & Budget planning for first year (2014, Lao PDR)

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1	2014					
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
			10,700	23,200	13,700	11,200		
Outcome 1: RBCs/RBPs and working groups applying IWRM principles and preparing IWRM-based river basin management plans			10,000	11,000	6,000	4,500		
Output 1.1 : RBCs/RBPs and Working Groups established.			10,000	11,000	6,000	-		
Activity 1.1.1 Establish an initial River Basin Platform (RBP) and working group in the basin.	Lao PDR		5,000	8,000	-	-		
Milestone 1.1.1.1 TOR of working group developed and members of working group selected and officially approved by relevant authorities. (Q1 2014)			5,000	1	-	1		
Task 1.1.1 Consult with provincial and district officers to draft TOR of WG, select WG members and having it officially approved by high provincial authority.	Laos	project team(PT) relevant provincial and district officer	5,000					

Total for Los DDD	Country	Country Implementers		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.1.1.2 Workshop organized for members of WG to understand its TOR and assign responsibilities among its members. (Q2 2014)			-	5,000	-	-
Task 1.1.1.2 Workshop held at project site between project members and WG members to explain the TOR, setup its management structure and assign responsibility among its members	Laos	PT, WG and relevant pro. And dist. Officers		5,000		
Milestone 1.1.1.3 Workshop organized for WG to understand the project, its objectives and expected outputs. (Q2 2014)			-	3,000	-	-
Task 1.1.1.3: Workshop held at project site for WG to understand about the project: its objectives, work plan and expected outputs	Laos	WG, PT and focal points		3,000		

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T. I.		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity 1.1.2. Analyze lessons learned from the process of formulation, implementation, and management of existing RBCs/RBPs in the Basin to improve IWRM working principles to put in practice.	Lao PDR		1	1	3,000	-
Milestone 1.1.2.1 WG lessons learnt published (Q3 2014)			-	ı	3,000	-
Task 1.1.2.1 Working w/ Nam Ngum and Nam Thurn/Nam Kading RBC Vientiane and Khammuan provinces, DWR, LNMCS and relevant LAs to find out their reason learnt, their structure, work plan, their achievements and produce a report.	Laos	Nam Ngum, Nam Thurn/Nam Kading RBC, DWR, LNMCS, relevant LAs			3,000	
Activity 1.1.3: Identify objective, scope, roles and responsibilities of relevant working groups to fit the Basin conditions.	Lao PDR		-	-	3,000	-
Milestone 1.1.3.1 Issues Identified (Q3 2014)			-	-	1,500	-
Task 1.1.3.1 With reasons learnt and basin conditions develop the objectives, scope roles and responsibilities of WG	Laos	WG, PT			1,500	

Total for Lao PDR	Country	т 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.1.3.2 TOR and Action Plan for WGs developed (Q3 2014)			-	-	1,500	-
Task 1.1.3.2 Project team together with WG develop action plan for implementation	Laos	WG and PT			1,500	
Activity 1.1.4: Establish RBCs/RBP and working groups Meeting	Lao PDR		2,000	-	-	-
Milestone 1.1.4.1 Minutes of Meetings submitted. Every quarter after 2014			2,000	-	-	-
Task 1.1.4.1 with data and information submitted by WG, the project team write quarterly report to MRCS after 2014	Laos	WG, LNMCS, project team	2,000			

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity: 1.1.5 Establish management committee/Working group for Sub-district/District levels.	Lao PDR		3,000	3,000	-	-
Milestone 1.1.5.1.Sub-level water committee established (Q1 2014)			3,000	-	-	-
Task 1.1.5.1 set up water committee in the basin to supervise the works of WG, the committee composed of provincial and district officer with technical assistance from MONRE	Laos	Province, district officers and MONRE	3,000			
Milestone 2. Sub-level/area Work Group established (Q2 2014)			-	3,000	-	-
Task 1.1.5.2 set up sup-WG composed of provincial and district officers to carry out the actual as in the work plan	Laos	Province, districts officers, PT		3,000		

Total for Los DDD	Comment	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Output 1.2 : Capacity needs identified and capacity built.			-	-	1	3,000
Activity 1.2.1: Gap analysis and identify capacity needs of RBCs/RBP and working groups in both countries focused on IWRM-based river basin planning and transboundary cooperation issues including wetland management, flood management and irrigation development.	Lao PDR		-	-	1	3,000
Milestone 1.2.1.1 Capacity Needs Assessment completed of RBC/RBP/WG (Q4 2014)			-	-	1	1,500
Task 1.2.1.1 Project team Meeting with WG, RBP and RBC to find out the capacity needs on IWRM knowledge of development and management of the basin (wetland management, flood management and irrigation development)	Laos	PT, WG, RBC, RBP and relevant pro. and dist. Officers				1,500
Milestone 1.2.1.2 Gap Analysis and Capacity Needed reported (Q4 2014)			-	-	-	1,500
Task 1.2.1.2 Writing a report on gap analysis and capacity needs of the WG, RBP and RBC in the basin by project team	Laos	WG and PT				1,500

Total for Lao PDR	Country	Country Implementers			14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity 1.2.2. Prepare road map of action plan to implement capacity building in each river basin	Lao PDR		-	-	-	
Milestone 1.2.2.1 Work Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.2.2.1 Based on capacity needs or gaps the WG and project team prepare the workplan to fill the capacity gaps.						
Milestone 1.2.2.2 Capacity Development Plan in Pilot Areas prepared (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	
Task 1.2.2.2 Detail plan for capacity gaps prepared, resource persons and training materials identified .						
Activity 1.2.3. Evaluate the previous capacity building and develop the future capacity	Lao PDR		_		_	
building plan.	Laurdk					_

Total for Lao PDR	Country	Ŧ 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 1.2.3.1 Capacity Building Action Plan developed (Q2 2015)			-		Ī	-
Task 1.2.3.1 Training workshop prepared, participants identified and venue of workshop selected						
Activity 1.2.4 Link with related stakeholders to strengthen working group understanding of IWRM process to put it into real practices	Lao PDR		-	1	1	-
M:1.2.4.1 Workshop held for related stakeholders and WG (Q1 2015)				-	-	-
Task 1.2.4.1 Training workshop in action in project site						
Activity 1.2.5 Design the IWRM tools to apply at the local areas.	Lao PDR			-	-	-
Milestone 1.2.5.1 Selected Tools applied to Xe Bang Hieng / Nam Kam (Q1 2015)				-	-	-
Task 1.2.5.1 With the cooperation of MRCS, WG and project team select IWRM tools suitable to the basin conditions.						

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDK	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Output 1.3: Enhancement of river basin networks and knowledge transferred to sub-basin			-	-	-	1,500
level						
Activity 1.3.1: Establish river basin networks at sub-basin level	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-
Milestone 1.3.1.1 Networks Established (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 1.3.1.1 Identify stakeholders and build up line communication with them and sharing						
knowledge on IWRM and lesson learned						
Activity 1.3.2. Build a common understanding and integrated views and needs on river basin	Lao PDR		-	-	-	1,500
planning and management in each country.						
Milestone 1.3.2.1 Regular planning meetings held with network participation (Q4 2014 and			-	_	-	1,500
Q1,Q2,Q3 2015)						
Milestone 1.3.2.1 Regular planning meetings held with network participation (Q4 2014 and	Laos	WG, PT,				1,500
Q1,Q2,Q3 2015)		RBC, RBP,				
		FP				

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao FDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Outcome 2: Knowledge and IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management being used effectively.					-	1,500
Output 2.1 : Databases and base maps of the river basins			-	-	-	-
Activity 2.1.1 Identify purposes of use of data and maps according to collected data, quality, and assurance.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-
Milestone 2.1.1.1 WG capacitated in use data and map (Q2 2015)			-	1	-	-
Task 2.1.1.1 workshop training for WG to understand IWRM tools (basin basic data, map,						
water law, rules and regulation on water and environment as well as MRC Procedures						
Activity 2.1.2 Workshop for data analysis.	Lao PDR		-	ı	-	-
Milestone 2.1.2.1 Workshop organised for RBC/RBP/WG and focal point (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 2.1.2.1 Laint workshop with DDC WC and DDD and focal points to have common						
Task 2.1.2.1 Joint workshop with RBC,WG and RBP and focal points to have common understanding on basin data, map rules and regulation on water and environment						
understanding on basin data, map rules and regulation on water and environment						

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity 2.1.3 Build databases and base maps	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-
Milestone 2.1.3.1 Database and base maps completed (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 2.1.3.1 With agreed data and information and expert on GIS develop GIS map of the pilot area						
phot area						
Activity 2.1.4 Develop a road map to update, maintain and improve database for the future			_	_	_	_
strategies to develop sub-district/villages levels.	Lao PDR					
Milestone 2.1.4.1 Database Management Plan developed (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-
Task 2.1.4.1 Develop tables and templates for WG to collect data and information						

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Output 2.2 : State and trends of the river basins			-	-	-	-
Activity 2.2.1 Prepare concept note on the pilot areas.	Lao PDR		-	-	ı	-
Milestone 2.2.1.1 Work plan and goal in pilot areas prepared (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-
Task 2.2.1.1 workshop organized for WG to select pilot area with goals and objectives of the pilot area						
Milestone 2.2.1.2. Lesson learnt from pilot areas prepared (Q3 2016)			-	1	1	-
Task 2.2.1.2 Data and information collected by WG in the pilot area						
Activity 2.2.2 Analyse data and issues to input to the report.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-
Milestone 2.2.2.1 Draft report prepared (Q2 2015 and Q3 2016)			-	-	-	-

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	14	
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 2.2.2.1 Workshop with WG to analyse the data and information available in pilot area to prepare and outline the report						
Output 2.3: Demonstration and application of relevant IWRM tools to support river basin planning and management			-	-	-	-
Activity 2.3.1 Identify relevant IWRM tools to support planning and management in the river basins (Pilot areas).	Lao PDR		-	-	1	-
Milestone 2.3.1.1 IWRM tools identified for each pilot area (Q3 2015)			-	-	1	-
Milestone 2.3.1.1 IWRM tools identified for each pilot area (Q3 2015)						
Activity 2.3.2 Train and demonstrate how to apply the identified IWRM tools.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-
Milestone 2.3.2.1 Workshop organised for basin WG (Q3 2015 and Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-

Total for Lao PDR	Country	Country	Country Implemente	T 1		2014				
Total for Lao FDK	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Task 2.3.2.1 Workshop organized for all WG members and focal points to understand IWRM tools										
Activity 2.3.3 Apply the identified IWRM tools to support preparation of IWRM based river basin management plans.	Lao PDR		-	ī	1	-				
Milestone 2.3.3.1 IWRM tools applied in River Basin and Pilot Areas (Quarterly from Q4 2015)			-	-	1	-				
Task 2.3.3.1 With selected IWRM tools, identify issues in the pilot area in the WG meeting										
Activity 2.3.4 Setting up learning areas for IWRM through demonstration.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-				
Milestone 2.3.4.1 Learning areas established in river basin and pilot areas (Q4 2016)			-	-	-	-				
Task 2.3.4.1 workshops and meeting organized in the pilot area to demonstrate on IWRM-based basin management and development										

Total for Loc DDD	Country Imp	Implementare	2014					
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Output 2.4: IWRM-based river basin management plans and action plans focused on integrated wetland and flood management and sustainable irrigation development			-	-	1	1,500		
Activity 2.4.1. Update environmental and eco-social data and information on the development of the Basin relevant IWRM tools.	Lao PDR		-	-	1	-		
Milestone 2.4.1.1 Database updated (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 2.4.1.1 data and information frequently collect for adapting data base of the pilot area.								
Activity 2.4.2 Identify and prepare management action plans for integrated wetland, irrigation and flood managements in the sustainable development.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 2.4.2.1 Work plan for pilot area Implemented (T) (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-		

Total for Lao PDR	Country	т 1		20	14		
Total for Lao PDR		Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3
Task 2.4.2.1 WG reviews all wetland, irrigation project and flood area in the pilot area for compliance with IWRM principle as agreed in the work plan.							
Milestone 2.4.2.2 Management and development plan prepared (L) (Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-	
Task 2.4.2.2 with outcomes from the review, WG develop guidelines for management and development in the pilot area.							
Activity 2.4.3 Widely consult with relevant stakeholders on the river Basin Management and development.	Lao PDR		-	-	1	-	
Milestone 2.4.3.1 Workshop held with all stakeholders (Q1 2015)			-	-	-	-	
Task 2.4.3.1 Workshop organized in the pilot area for WG, RBC, RBP and relevant agencies on the guideline for basin development and management in the basin.							

Total for Lao PDR	C4	Comment	2014					
1 Otal for Lao PDK	Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Activity 2.4.4 Spawning of conservation areas.	Lao PDR		_	-	-	1,500		
Milestone 2.4.4.1 Conservation areas suitable for spawning selected (Q4 2014)			-	-	-	1,500		
Task 2.4.4.1 Based on the guideline, WG select the spawning site to apply the guideline on fishery management.						1,500		
Milestone 2.4.4.2 Capacity building for local population (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 2.4.4.2 Training workshop organized for local people in the selected site to have their understanding on fishery conservation and management for their own benefit								

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1	2014					
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Outcome 3: Strengthened cooperation and effective transboundary project implementation and management			-	9,500	7,000	4,500		
Output 3.1: Project implementation and management structures established			-	8,000	7,000	-		
Activity 3.1.1. Design and agree on project implementation and management structures and working principles (Project Internal regulation).	Lao PDR		-	8,000	-	-		
Milestone 3.1.1.1 Project management plan developed and agreed (Q2 2014)			-	8,000	-	-		
Task 3.1.1.1 WG in cooperation with relevant authorities of province, district, MONRE and project team, develop the basin management plan and submit to high authority for approval.				8,000				
Activity 3.1.2 Review and improve existing and future mechanisms for effective National and Transboundary coordination and management	Lao PDR		-	-	7,000	-		
Milestone 3.1.2.1 Mechanisms of line of communication and coordination in the basin agreed (Q3 2014)			-	-	7,000	-		
Task 3.1.2.1 Workshop organized to setup land agree on line of communication among relevant authorities of province, districts, WG and project team.					7,000			

Total for Lao PDR Country	Country	Ountry Implementary		2014				
Total for Lao FDR	Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Output 3.2 : Data and information shared, experiences and lessons exchanged and MRC PDIES Procedure applied			1	1,500		2,000		
Activity 3.2.1 Apply principles of MRC-Procedures for Data and Information Exchange and Sharing (PDIES) between both river basins	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 3.2.1.1 Data sharing procedures and types of data agreed (Q3 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.2.1.1 Workshop with participation of RBCs, RBP, WG and focal points to agree on implementation of MRC Procedures and types of data and information for sharing								
Milestone 3.2.1.2 Data shared on regular basis (quarterly from Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.2.1.2 Publish agreed data and information for exchange and sharing with all stakeholders								

Total for Lao PDR	Comptens		2014					
Total for Lao PDK	Country	Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Activity 3.2.2 Local Data Management workshops/meetings to share experiences and lesson for internal basins	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 3.2.2.1 Experiences exchanged between sub-river basins (Q1 2015 and Q2 2016)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.2.2.1 Workshop organized for all RBC, RBP and WG to share experience on data and information in their basin.								
Activity 3.2.3 Joint Data Management workshops/meetings to exchange experiences and lesson for both basins.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 3.2.3.1 Experiences exchanged between river basins (Q2 2015)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.2.3.1								

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1	Z014						
Total for Lao PDR		Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Activity 3.2.4 Transboundary field visits between both river basins	Lao PDR		1	1	1	2,000			
Milestone 3.2.4.1 Field Visit to river basin completed (Q4 2014, Q3 2015, Q3 2016)			-	-	-	2,000			
Task 3.2.4.1 Organized field visit to Nam Ngum RBC, Nam thurn RBC to exchange experience.						2,000			
Activity 3.2.5 Transboundary field visits to other basins.	Lao PDR		-	-	I	-			
Milestone 3.2.5.1 Field visit to external basin completed (Q4 2015)			-	-	-	-			
Task 3.2.5.1 WG and project team to visit Nam Kam RBC in Sakonnakorn to exchange experience on implementation IWRM principles and guidelines									
Activity 3.2.6 National Consultation Workshop on progress of the project implementation	Lao PDR		-	1,500	-	-			

Total for Lao PDR	Country		2014					
Total for Lao PDK		Country	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Milestone 3.2.6.1 Bi-annual Workshop completed (Q2 2014 to Q4 2016)			-	1,500	-	-		
Task 3.2.6.1 Workshop organized in June 2014 and November 2014 with participation of RBCs, RBPs, WG and focal points to review all IWRM-based works done in the basin at project site.				1,500				
Output 3.3 : Effective transboundary project implementation and management			-	-	-	2,500		
Activity 3.3.1 Joint Transboundary Annual Reflection Workshop.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	2,500		
Milestone 3.3.1.1 Joint TB workshop held (Q4 every year)			-	-	-	2,500		
Task 3.3.1.1 Study of trans-boundary issues and its impact by WG and project team presented in the workshop in November every year for RBC, RBP and focal points						2,500		
Activity 3.3.2 Joint Transboundary Project Evaluation.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		

Total for Lao PDR Count	Country	7 I	2014					
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Milestone 3.3.2.1 Joint Evaluation Report prepared (Q4 2015, Q4 2016)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.3.2.1 Joint workshop of RBC, RBP, WG and focal point to assess the trans-boundary impacts.								
Activity 3.3.3 Joint Transboundary consultation meeting for management level.	Lao PDR		-	-	-	-		
Milestone 3.3.3.1 Meeting organised for senior management (Q3 2015, Q3 2016)			-	-	-	-		
Task 3.3.3.1 Outcomes from transboundary impact assessment presented to provincial, district and MONRE high authorities for their action.								
			700	2.500	700	700		
Programme Management			700	2,700	700	700		
Xe Bang Hieng-Nam Kam Activities well managed Activity 4.1.1 Strengthen administrative management	Lao PDR		700	2,700 2,000	700	700		

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1		20	2014		
Total for Lao PDR	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Milestone 4.1.1.1 Financial Management procedures agreed (Q2 2014)			-	2,000	-	-	
Task 4.1.1.1 with assistance from MRCS, financial management procedure introduce to WG and project team in line with MRCS financial procedure.				2,000			
Activity 4.1.2 Conduct the Project Monitoring and evaluation. Quarterly Activities Progress Reports; Six Monthly Outputs Progress Report; Annual Outcome Progress Report; Internal Reports (Baseline and Completion reports);	Lao PDR		700	700	700	700	
Milestone 4.1.2.1 Progress Reports submitted (very quarter)			700	700	700	700	
Task 4.1.2.1 WG in cooperation with project team produce the completion report.			700	700	700	700	
Project documentation			_	_	_	_	
Activity 4.2.1 Media publication.	Lao PDR		-	-	_	-	

Total for Lao PDR	Country	T 1	2014						
Total for Lao PDK	Country	Implementers	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
Milestone 4.2.1.1 Final Report submitted (Q4 2016)			-	ľ	-	-			
Task 4.2.1.1 Workshop organized for WG, RBP, focal point to approve the completion									
report and submit to MRCS M-IWRM project.									